# Royal Bank of Canada Investor Presentation

Q1/2022

All amounts are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated and are based on financial statements prepared in compliance with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting, unless otherwise noted. Our Q1 2022 Report to Shareholders and Supplementary Financial Information are available on our website at: <a href="http://www.rbc.com/investorrelations">http://www.rbc.com/investorrelations</a>.



# Caution regarding forward-looking statements

From time to time, we make written or oral forward-looking statements within the meaning of certain securities laws, including the "safe harbour" provisions of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and any applicable Canadian securities legislation. We may make forward-looking statements in this presentation, in other filings with Canadian regulators or the SEC, in reports to shareholders, and in other communications. Forward-looking statements in this presentation include, but are not limited to, statements relating to our financial performance objectives, vision and strategic goals, climate related goals, and the potential continued impacts of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic on our business operations, financial results and financial condition, and on the global economy and financial market conditions, including projected economic indicators for 2021 with respect to Canada, the United States and the Euro Area. The forward-looking information contained in this presentation is presented for the purpose of assisting the holders of our securities and financial analysts in understanding our financial position and results of operations as at and for the periods ended on the dates presented, as well as our financial performance objectives, vision and strategic goals, and may not be appropriate for other purposes. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as "believe", "expect", "foresee", "forecast", "anticipate", "intend", "estimate", "goal", "plan" and "project" and similar expressions of future or conditional verbs such as "will", "may", "should", "could" or "would".

By their very nature, forward-looking statements require us to make assumptions and are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties, which give rise to the possibility that our predictions, forecasts, projections, expectations or conclusions will not prove to be accurate, that our assumptions may not be correct and that our financial performance objectives, vision and strategic goals will not be achieved. We caution readers not to place undue reliance on these statements as a number of risk factors could cause our actual results to differ materially from the expectations expressed in such forward-looking statements. These factors - many of which are beyond our control and the effects of which can be difficult to predict - include: credit, market, liquidity and funding, insurance, operational, regulatory compliance (which could lead to us being subject to various legal and regulatory proceedings, the potential outcome of which could include regulatory restrictions, penalties and fines), strategic, reputation, competitive, legal and regulatory environment, and systemic risks and other risks discussed in the risk sections and Impact of COVID-19 pandemic section of our annual report for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2021 (the 2021 Annual Report) and the Risk management section of our Q1 2022 Report to Shareholders; including business and economic conditions, information technology and cyber risks, environmental and social risk (including climate change), digital disruption and innovation, Canadian housing and household indebtedness, geopolitical uncertainty, privacy, data and third party related risks, regulatory changes, culture and conduct, the business and economic conditions in the geographic regions in which we operate, the effects of changes in government fiscal, monetary and other policies, tax risk and transparency, environmental and social risk, and the emergence of widespread health emergencies or public health crises such as pandemics and epidemics, including the COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on the global economy, financial market conditions and our business operations, and financial results, condition and objectives. In addition, as we work to advance our climate goals, external factors outside of RBC's reasonable control may act as constraints on their achievement, including varying decarbonization efforts across economies, the need for thoughtful climate policies around the world, more and better data, reasonably supported methodologies, and technological advancements, the evolution of consumer behavior, the challenges of balancing interim emissions goals with an orderly and just transition, and other significant considerations such as legal and regulatory obligations.

We caution that the foregoing list of risk factors is not exhaustive and other factors could also adversely affect our results. When relying on our forward-looking statements to make decisions with respect to us, investors and others should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and potential events. Material economic assumptions underlying the forward looking-statements contained in this presentation are set out in the Economic, market and regulatory review and outlook section and for each business segment under the Strategic priorities and Outlook headings in our 2021 Annual Report, as updated by the Economic, market and regulatory review and outlook sections of our Q1 2022 Report to Shareholders. Except as required by law, we do not undertake to update any forward-looking statement, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time by us or on our behalf.

Additional information about these and other factors can be found in the risk sections and Impact of COVID-19 pandemic section of our 2021 Annual Report and the Risk management section of our Q1 2022 Report to Shareholders.

Information contained in or otherwise accessible through the websites mentioned does not form part of this presentation. All references in this presentation to websites are inactive textual references and are for your information only.

1 RBC

# About RBC



# The RBC story



#### Diversified business model with scale and market-leading franchises

- Well-diversified across businesses, geographies and client segments
- Able to capitalize on opportunities created by changing market dynamics and economic conditions
- A full suite of products, advice and services to meet our clients' financial needs and build deep, long-term relationships



- #1 or #2 market share in all key product categories in Canadian Banking with superior cross-sell ability
- Most branches and one of the largest mobile sales networks across Canada
- Largest retail fund company in Canada, ranked #1 in market share
- #1 High Net Worth and Ultra High Net Worth market share in Canada
- 7<sup>th</sup> largest full-service wealth advisory firm in the U.S. as measured by number of financial advisors and 6<sup>th</sup> largest by assets under administration
- City National is a premier U.S. private and commercial bank that creates a platform for long-term growth in the U.S.
- Capital Markets is a premier global investment bank with core operations across Canada, the U.S., the U.K., Europe, and APAC



- Long history of innovation and proven ability to adapt to industry trends; ongoing investments in technology to deliver exceptional
  experiences and differentiated value for clients
- Focused on simplifying, digitizing and personalizing our products to make it easier for clients and employees to do business, and to lower costs
- RBC Ventures and Partnerships moves RBC beyond traditional banking to deliver unique value for all Canadians



- Track record of earnings and dividend growth while maintaining a disciplined approach to risk and cost management
- 16%+ ROE<sup>(1)</sup> medium-term objective



#### Strong balance sheet and prudent risk management

- Credit ratings amongst the highest globally
- Strong balance sheet Strong capital position and a high-quality liquid balance sheet
  - A disciplined approach and diversification have underpinned credit quality
  - Canadian residential portfolio has strong underlying credit quality
  - 40-50% dividend payout ratio<sup>(2)</sup> medium-term objective



- Committed to net-zero emissions in our lending by 2050 and accelerating clean economic growth through our \$500 billion sustainable financing target by 2025 to help support clients in the net-zero transition
- Published <u>The \$2 Trillion Transition</u>, research that outlines the cost & opportunities of Canada's journey to net-zero emissions
- Committed to reducing our own emissions by 70% and sourcing 100% renewable and non-emitting electricity by 2025
- In 2021, we refined our ESG reporting suite: RBC's <u>2020 Enterprise D&I Statement of Performance</u>, second stand-alone <u>TCFD<sup>(3)</sup></u> <u>Report</u>, and updated our SASB<sup>(4)</sup> Index
- Over \$140 million provided globally in 2021 through cash donations and community investments
- Since the launch, 3.6 million youth have participated in <u>Future Launch programs</u>
- Advanced our commitment to BIPOC Youth by committing \$16 million to initiatives that support access to pathways in Healthcare,
   Tech and the Skills trade

(1) Return on Equity (ROE) is calculated as net income available to common shareholders divided by average common equity for the period. (2) Dividend payout ratio is calculated as common dividends as a percentage of net income available to common shareholders. (3) Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures. (4) Sustainability Accounting Standards Board.

# Market leader with a focused strategy for growth

# Largest in Canada<sup>(1)</sup>

A market leader across all key businesses

# Top 10 Globally<sup>(1)</sup>

One of the 10 largest global banks by market capitalization with operations in 29 countries

### 17 Million Clients

Served by 88,000+ employees worldwide

## **Purpose**

Help clients thrive and communities prosper

#### **Vision**

To be among the world's most trusted and successful financial institutions

## **Strategic Goals**



In Canada: To be the undisputed leader in financial services



In the United States: To be the preferred partner to corporate, institutional and high net worth clients and their businesses



In Select Global Financial Centres: To be a leading financial services partner valued for our expertise

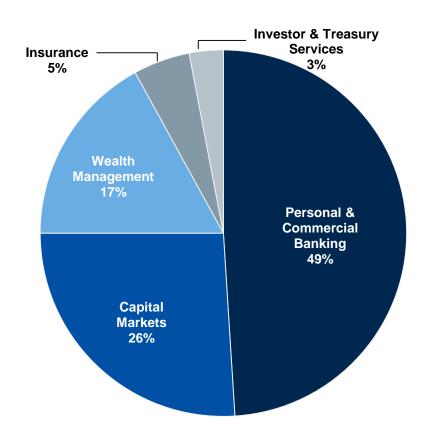
(1) Based on market capitalization as at January 31, 2022.

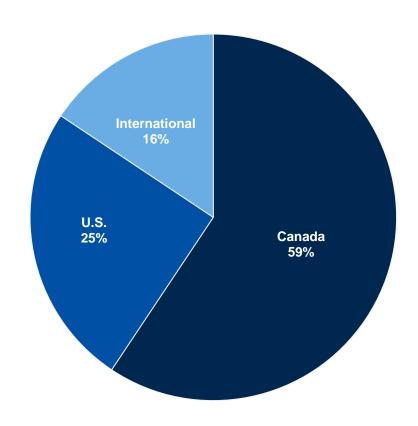
# Diversified business and geographic model with client-leading franchises

Earnings by Business Segment<sup>(1)</sup>
Latest twelve months ended January 31, 2022

Revenue by Geography

Latest twelve months ended January 31, 2022

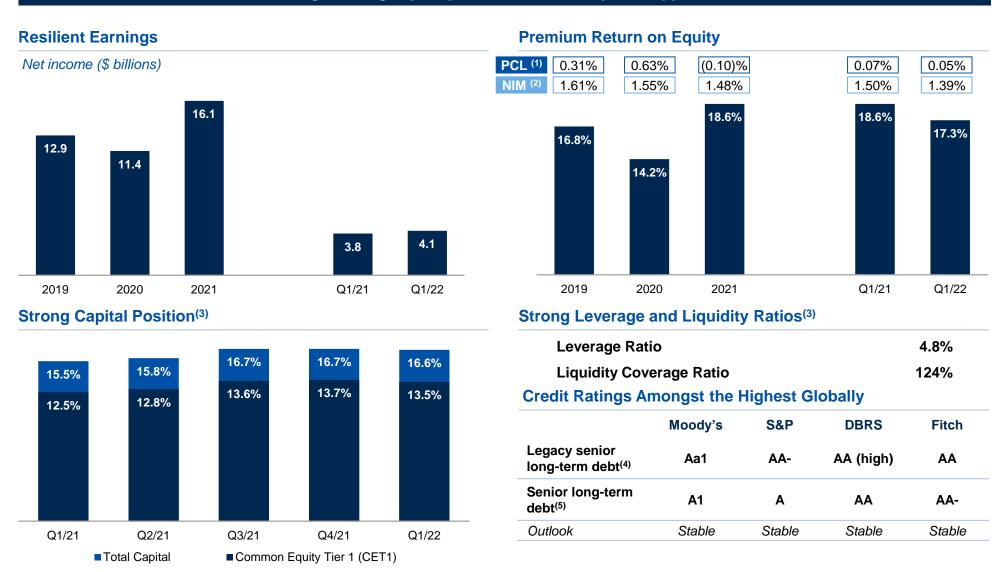




(1) Amounts exclude Corporate Support.

# Strong financial profile

#### Maintaining a strong capital position with a disciplined approach to risk



<sup>(1)</sup> Provision for credit losses (PCL) on loans as a % of average net loans and acceptances. (2) Net interest margin (NIM) (average earning assets, net) – net interest income as a percentage of total average earning assets, net assets, net include interest-bearing deposits with other banks, securities, net of applicable allowance, assets purchased under reverse repurchase agreements and securities borrowed, loans, net of allowance, cash collateral and margin deposits. Insurance assets, and all other assets not specified are excluded. The averages are based on the daily balances for the period. (3) Capital ratios are calculated using Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions' (OSFI) Capital Adequacy Requirements guideline. Leverage ratio is calculated using OSFI's Leverage Requirements guideline. Liquidity Coverage Ratio is the average for the three months ended for each respective period and is calculated in accordance with OSFI's Liquidity Adequacy Requirements guidance. (4) Ratings (as at February 23, 2022) for senior long-term debt issued on or after September 23, 2018 which is subject to conversion under the Bail-in regime.

# Track record of delivering value to our shareholders

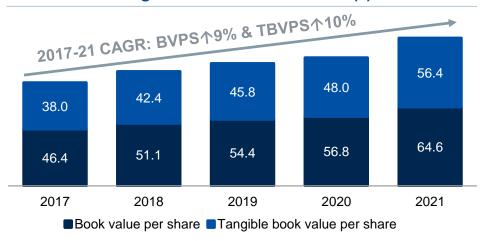
#### Financial performance objectives measure our performance against our goal of maximizing total shareholder returns

|               | Medium-Term Objectives <sup>(1)</sup> |           | Average as 3-Year | s of 2021 <sup>(2)</sup><br>5-Year |       |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------|
| Profitability | Diluted EPS growth                    | 7%+       | $\checkmark$      | 10%                                | 10%   |
| Profitability | ROE                                   | 16%+      | ·                 | 16.5%                              | 16.8% |
| Capital       | Capital ratios (CET1 ratio)           | Strong    | $\checkmark$      | 12.8%                              | 12.1% |
| Management    | Dividend payout ratio                 | 40% – 50% | $\checkmark$      | 47%                                | 46%   |

#### Dividend(3) and Earnings per Share (\$)

#### 2011-21 CAGR 11.06 Earnings per share: ↑10% 8.75 Dividend per share: ↑8% 8.36 7.56 6.73 6.78 6.00 5.49 2011-21 Average Dividend 4.91 4.19 Payout ratio of 47% 3.48 3.08 3.24 2.84 2.08 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 ■ Earnings per share (diluted) ■ Dividend per share

#### **Book Value & Tangible Book Value Per Share (\$)**(4)(5)



#### Achieved Solid Total Shareholder Return (TSR)<sup>(6)</sup> Performance

|              | 3-Year | 5-Year | 10-Year | 20-Year |
|--------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| RBC          | 18%    | 13%    | 15%     | 13%     |
| Peer Average | 14%    | 9%     | 13%     | 10%     |

<sup>(1)</sup> A medium-term (3-5 year) objective is considered to be achieved when the performance goal is met in either a 3- or 5-year period. These objectives assume a normal business environment and our ability to achieve them in a period may be adversely affected by extraordinary developments such as the COVID-19 pandemic and the current low interest rate environment. (2) Diluted EPS growth is calculated using a Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR). ROE, CET1 and dividend payout ratio are calculated using an average. (3) Dividends declared per common share. Our current quarterly dividend is \$1.20. (4) Book Value Per Share (BVPS) is calculated as common equity divided by common shares outstanding. (5) Tangible Book Value Per Share (TBVPS) is calculated as common equity excluding goodwill and other intangibles (excluding software) net of deferred tax on spot basis divided by common shares outstanding. This is a non-GAAP measure. Refer to slide 63 for reconciliation and slide 64 for more information. (6) Annualized TSR is calculated based on the TSX common share price appreciation plus reinvested dividend income. Source: Bloomberg, as at January 31, 2022. RBC is compared to our global peer group. The peer group average excludes RBC; for the list of peers, please refer to our 2021 Annual Report.

# Balanced capital deployment driving sustainable long-term shareholder value

16%+ ROE Medium-term objective

**Strong capital ratio** 



Excess capital creates optionality

**\$14BN** 

Excess capital over an 11% CET1 ratio

**Upgraded to Aa1** rating by Moody's

9% 3-Year BVPS(2) CAGR Committed to sustainable dividend growth (Q1/22)

\$1.7BN

Common share dividends

+11% YoY

42%

Dividend payout ratio<sup>(3)</sup>

Medium-term objective

40-50%

Q1/22

**72%** total payout ratio<sup>(3)</sup>

\$2.9BN total shareholder distribution(3)

**Executing on share repurchases** 



(8.9)20% executed



Shares authorized for Shares repurchased repurchase (MM)

(as of 01/31/2022)

Remaining shares available for repurchase (01/31/2022)

\$1.2BN shares bought back in Q1/22

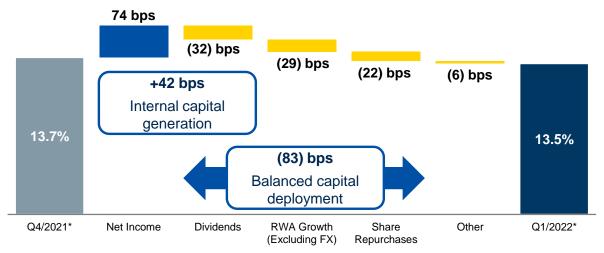
18% 3-year annualized TSR

(1) Organic growth reflects growth in RWA excluding impacts of models & methodology updates, asset quality, acquisitions & disposals and FX. (2) Includes I&TS, Insurance and Corporate Support. (3) Total payout ratio: total shareholder distributions (common dividends + share repurchases) as a percentage of net income available to common shareholders. Total shareholder distribution: total dollar value of common dividends plus total shares repurchased.

**RBC** ABOUT RBC

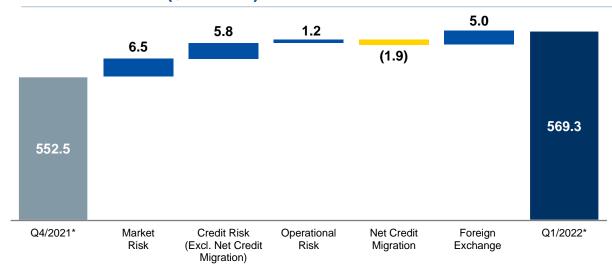
## Capital: Strong capital and earnings growth continue to drive shareholder returns

#### **CET1 Movement**



- CET1 ratio of 13.5%, down 20 bps QoQ, reflecting:
  - Strong RWA growth supporting higher volumes
  - Repurchase of 8.9MM shares for \$1.2BN
  - Partly offset by internal capital generation of 42 bps (earnings net of dividends)
- Leverage ratio of 4.8%, down 10 bps QoQ

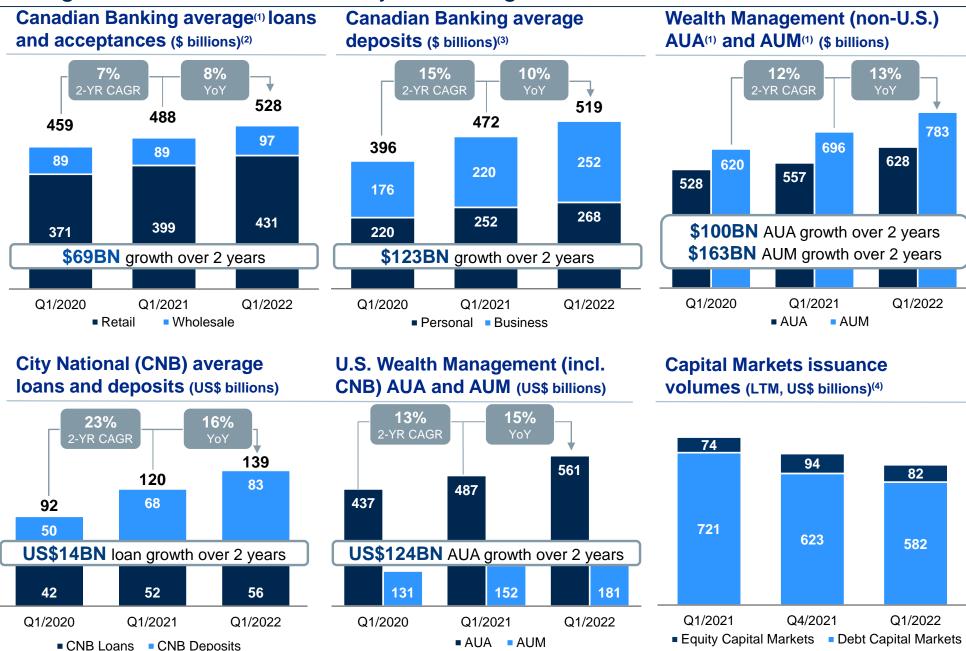
#### **RWA Movement (\$ billions)**



- RWA increased \$16.7BN, mainly reflecting:
  - Higher market risk RWA mainly driven by increased inventory and credit mix changes in fixed income businesses
  - Strong business growth in wholesale lending, including loan underwriting commitments, and residential mortgages, partially offset by lower derivatives
  - Impact of FX translation
  - Partly offset by net credit migration, mainly in wholesale portfolios
    - Cumulative impact from net credit downgrades in the wholesale loan book and counterparty credit risk portfolio has increased RWA by \$5.6 billion post-Q1/2020

\*Represents rounded figures. For more information, refer to the Capital Management section of our Q1/2022 Report to Shareholders.

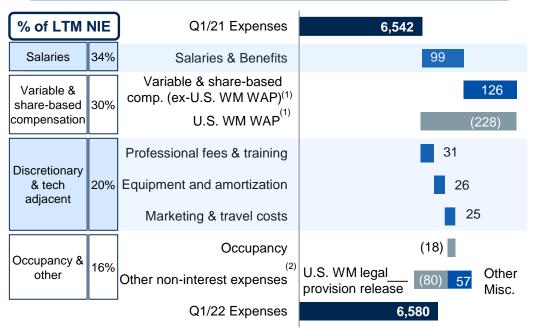
# Strong volumes and client activity in our largest businesses



<sup>(1)</sup> Calculated using methods intended to approximate the average of the daily balances for the period, as applicable. (2) Wholesale includes small business. (3) Totals may not add and percentage change may not reflect actual change due to rounding. (4) Dealogic.

# Non-interest expense: Higher expenses to support client growth

#### Non-Interest Expense (NIE, \$ millions)



#### Q1/2022 Highlights

- Non-interest expense up 1% YoY
- Up 3% YoY excluding variable and share-based compensation (which includes changes in U.S. WM WAP)<sup>(1)</sup>
- Higher variable compensation commensurate with increased revenue, largely in Wealth Management, offset by a decline in U.S. WM WAP<sup>(1)</sup> driven by the performance of equity markets relative to the prior year quarter
- Higher salary costs in Wealth Management, Canadian Banking, and Capital Markets, largely attributed to higher FTE
- Higher professional fees, equipment and amortization costs largely reflecting increased technology investments
- Other non-interest expense benefited from an \$80MM legal provision release in U.S. Wealth Management (including CNB)

#### Non-Interest Expense by Segment (\$ millions)

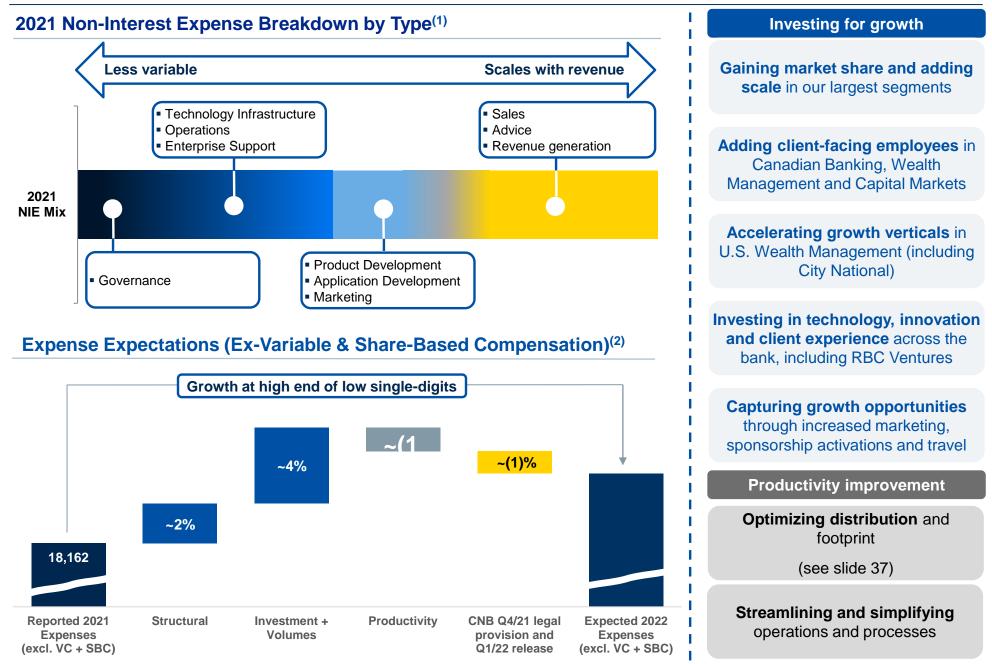
| ¢ millions (unless otherwise stated)      | 04/2022 | Reported            |                     |  |
|---|---------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| \$ millions (unless otherwise stated)     | Q1/2022 | YoY                 | QoQ                 |  |
| Personal & Commercial Banking             | 2,022   | 2%                  | (3)%                |  |
| Canadian Banking                          | 1,876   | 3%                  | (3)%                |  |
| Wealth Management (3)                     | 2,581   | 7%                  | (5)%                |  |
| Capital Markets                           | 1,472   | 2%                  | 27%                 |  |
| Insurance                                 | 147     | (1)%                | (3)%                |  |
| Investor & Treasury Services              | 420     | 5%                  | 2%                  |  |
| Corporate Support (CS) (3)                | (62)    | n.m. <sup>(4)</sup> | n.m. <sup>(4)</sup> |  |
| Corporate Support (Excl. U.S. WM WAP) (1) | 9       | (10)%               | (47)%               |  |
| U.S. WM WAP (1)                           | (71)    | n.m. <sup>(4)</sup> | n.m. <sup>(4)</sup> |  |
| Total                                     | 6,580   | 1%                  | -                   |  |

#### **Non-Interest Expense Growth (YoY)**



(1) Non-interest expense YoY growth excluding variable and share-based compensation, including changes in U.S. Wealth Management wealth accumulation plans (WAP Q1/2: \$42MM, Q1/21: \$457MM) is a non-GAAP measure. For reconciliation, see slide 63. For more information, see slide 64. (2) Other non-interest expenses include YoY change in non-interest expenses from the following line items: Telecommunications, Postage and courier, Stationery and printing, Business and capital taxes, Donations, Outsourced item processing, Impairment of other intangibles, Impairment of investments in joint ventures and associates and Other. (3) Effective Q4 2021, gains (losses) on economic hedges of our U.S. share-based compensation plans, which are reflected in revenue, and related variability in share-based compensation expense driven by changes in the fair value of liabilities relating to our U.S. share-based compensation plans have been reclassified from our Wealth Management segment to Corporate Support. Comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with this presentation. (4) Not meaningful.

# Expense expectations: Improving productivity while investing for growth



(1) Total non-interest expenses, including variable and share-based compensation. (2) Non-interest expense YoY growth excluding variable and share-based compensation, including changes in U.S. Wealth Management wealth accumulation plans (WAP Q1/22: \$(71)MM; Q4/21: \$42MM, Q1/21: \$157MM) is a non-GAAP measure. For reconciliation, see slide 63. For more information, see slide 64.

# **Business Segments**



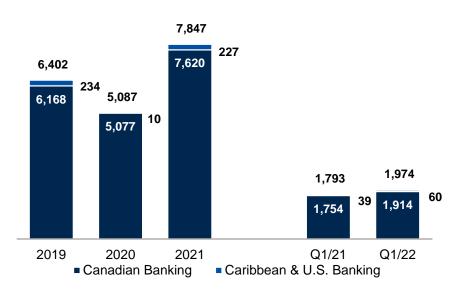
# Personal & Commercial Banking

- The financial services leader in Canada
  - #1 or #2 market share in all key product categories
  - Most branches and one of the largest mobile sales networks across Canada
  - Superior cross-sell ability
- In 9 countries and territories in the Caribbean
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> largest bank by assets<sup>(1)</sup> in English Caribbean
- Innovative direct banking to U.S. cross-border clients
- Ongoing investments to further digitize our banking channels

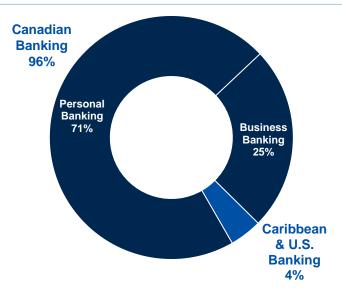
#### Q1/2022 Highlights

| Clients (MM)   | 14+    |
|--|--------|
| Branches   | 1,214  |
| ATMs   | 4,294  |
| Active Digital (Online and Mobile) Users <sup>(2)</sup> (MM) | 8.1    |
| Employees (FTE)  | 36,428 |
| Net Loans & Acceptances <sup>(1)</sup> (\$BN)                | 534.4  |
| Deposits <sup>(1)</sup> (\$BN)                               | 539.3  |
| AUA <sup>(3)</sup> (\$BN)                                    | 371.1  |

#### **Net Income (\$ millions)**



#### Revenue by Business Line<sup>(4)</sup>



<sup>(1)</sup> Based on average balances which are calculated using methods intended to approximate the average of the daily balances for the period, as applicable. (2) This figure represents the 90-day active customers in Canadian Banking only. (3) Assets under administration (AUA) represents beriod-end spot balances and includes securitized residential mortgages and credit card loans as at January 31, 2022 of \$15 billion, respectively (October 31, 2021 of \$15 billion and \$3 billion; January 31, 2021 of \$15 billion and \$4 billion). AUA include assets administered by us, which are beneficially owned by clients. Services provided in respect of assets under administrative nature, including safekeeping, collecting investment income, settling purchase and sale transactions, and record keeping. (4) For the quarter ended January 31, 2022.

# Personal & Commercial Banking

#### Strategic Priorities - Building A Digitally-Enabled Relationship Bank™

| Transform How We<br>Serve Our Clients                    | <ul> <li>Make it easier for clients to access products and services digitally</li> <li>Create capacity and capability to focus on advice, complex servicing and sales, and problem resolution</li> <li>Focus on innovating our branch network</li> </ul>  |
|--|---|
| Accelerate Client<br>Growth                              | <ul> <li>Grow commercial market share through industry-specific credit strategies</li> <li>Target high-growth retirement segment and business succession planning</li> <li>Continue to increase client acquisition in key segments, including: high net worth, newcomers, and students and young adults, while deepening existing client relationships</li> </ul> |
| Rapidly Deliver Digital Solutions                        | <ul> <li>Continue to deliver leading digital capabilities and functionality through our award-winning mobile app</li> <li>Create partnerships to innovate, making it easier to bank with RBC</li> <li>Invest in research and development to understand and meet rapidly changing client expectations</li> </ul>   |
| Innovate to Become<br>a More Agile and<br>Efficient Bank | <ul> <li>Accelerate investments to simplify, digitize and automate for clients and employees</li> <li>Change or eliminate products and processes that do not add economic or client value</li> <li>Invest in employees to enhance digital, agile and change capabilities</li> </ul>   |

#### **Recent Awards**



RBC received top ranks in 11 out of 11 Ipsos Financial Service Excellence Awards among the Big 5 Banks, including Customer Service Excellence<sup>(1)</sup>

# **Gartner**

Mydoh and RBC Ventures named the North American winner of the 2021 Gartner Eye on Innovation Award for Financial Services<sup>(2)</sup>

#### **Aite** Novarica

For the second year in a row, RBC was named one of the winners of Aite-Novarica Group's 2021 Impact Innovation Awards in Cash Management & Payments<sup>(3)</sup>

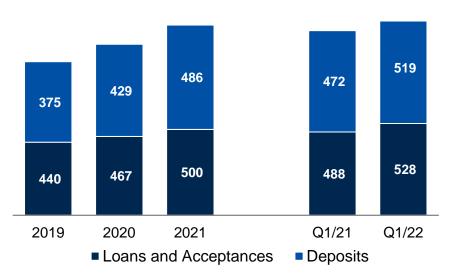


Best Treasury and Cash
Management Provider for Canada
and the Best SME Bank in Canada
and North America. Also
named the Best Trade Finance
Provider in Canada for the 10th
consecutive year<sup>(4)</sup>

(1) Ipsos, 2021. (2) Gartner, 2021. (3) Aite-Novarica Group, 2021. (4) Global Finance, 2022.

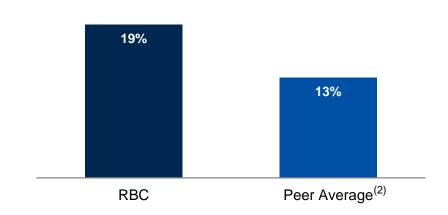
# Personal & Commercial Banking - Canadian Banking

#### Solid Volume Growth (\$ millions)(1)



#### **Superior Cross-Sell Ability**

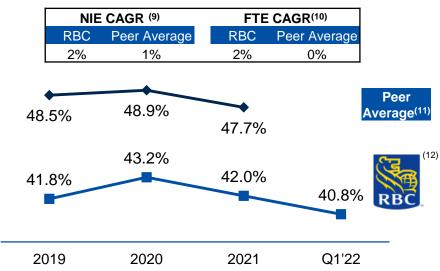
Percent of clients with transaction accounts, investments, borrowing and credit card products<sup>(2)</sup>



#### #1 or #2 Market Share in All Key Categories(3)

| Product                                    | Market<br>share | Rank |
|--|-----------------|------|
| Personal Lending <sup>(4)</sup>            | 24.4%           | 1    |
| Personal Core Deposits + GICs              | 20.7%           | 2    |
| Credit Cards <sup>(5)</sup>                | 28.9%           | 1    |
| Long-Term Mutual Funds <sup>(6)</sup>      | 32.0%           | 1    |
| Business Loans (\$0-\$25MM) <sup>(7)</sup> | 25.3%           | 1    |
| Business Deposits <sup>(8)</sup>           | 24.8%           | 1    |

#### **Continued Efficiency Improvements While Investing For Growth**

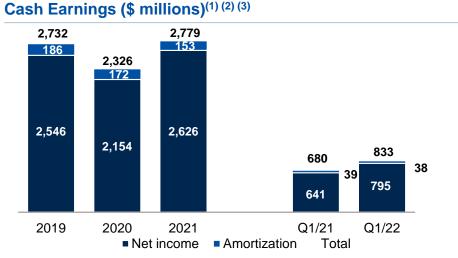


<sup>(1)</sup> Based on average balances. (2) Canadian Financial Monitor by Ipsos – 18,000 Canadian individuals – data based on Financial Group results for the 12-month period ending January 2022.TFSA is considered an investment. Peers include BMO, BNS, CIBC and TD. (3) Market share is calculated using most current data available from OSFI (M4), Investment Funds Institute of Canada (IFIC) and Canadian Bankers Association (CBA), and is at November 2021 and September 2021 and September 2021 and September 2021 and September 2021. (All Personal Lending market share is of total Chartered Banks except where noted. (4) Personal Lending market share is followed by Personal Lending market share is compared to 7 banks (RBC, BMO, BNS, CIBC, TD and NA) as at September 2021. (5) Long-term mutual fund market share is compared to 7 banks (RBC, BMO, BNS, CIBC, TD, NA, and HSBC) and is at November 2021. (7) Business Loans market share is compared to 7 banks (RBC, BMO, BNS, CIBC, TD, and NA) on a quarterly basis and is as of September 2021. (8) Business Deposits market share excludes Fixed Term, Government and Deposit Taking Institution balances. (9) Non-interest expense representing FY2019-2021 CAGR. (10) Number of employees (full-time equivalent) representing CAGR from FY2019-2021. (11) Peers include BMO, BNS, CIBC, TD and NA; 2019 through 2021 reflects annual numbers. (12) Efficiency ratio is calculated as non-interest expense as a percentage of total

## Wealth Management

#### **Strategic Priorities**

- Global Asset Management: Deliver investment performance and extend leadership position in Canada, while continuing to build and grow in the U.S. and EMEA/APAC
- Canadian Wealth Management: Continue to deepen client relationships and deliver a differentiated client experience that is increasingly digitally-enabled and supported by data-driven insights
- U.S. Wealth Management: Leverage the combined strengths of City National Bank, RBC Wealth Management U.S. and Capital Markets to accelerate growth in the U.S.
- International Wealth Management: In the British Isles, accelerate organic market share growth to be a top-tier wealth manager, providing solutions and insight to successful wealth creators. In Asia, continue to drive growth in Asia's global families by leveraging the global strengths and capabilities of RBC



#### **Recent Awards**

Best Private Bank in Canada – 10th consecutive year

(PWM/The Banker Global Private Banking Awards 2021)

**Best Private Bank for Growth Strategy – Globally** 

(PWM/The Banker Global Private Banking Awards, 2021)

RBC DS was rated #1 in advisor satisfaction amongst all bankowned full-service brokerage firms

(Investment Executive Brokerage Report Card, 2021)

Best Private Bank for Digital Marketing & Communications – North America

(PWM's Global Wealth Tech Awards, 2021)

Best Private Bank for Digitally Empowering Relationship Managers – North America

(PWM's Global Wealth Tech Awards, 2021)

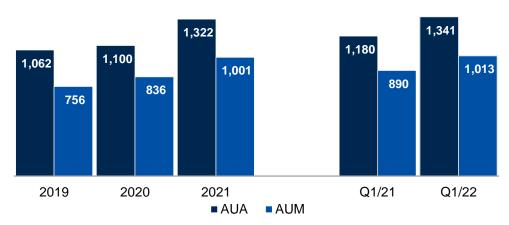
Best Overall Group over 3 Years - PH&N Funds

(Refinitiv Lipper Fund Awards 2021 Canada)

Best ETF Bond Group over 3 Years – RBC Funds

(Refinitiv Lipper Fund Awards 2021 Canada)

AUA and AUM (4) (\$ billions) (5)



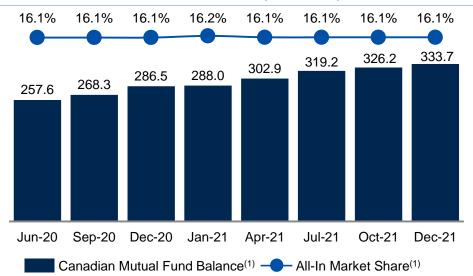
<sup>(1)</sup> Cash earnings exclude the after-tax effect of amortization of intangibles. This is a non-GAAP measure. Refer to slide 63 for reconciliation and slide 64 for more information. (2) 2019 net income includes the gain on sale of the private debt business of BlueBay (\$134 million after-tax). (3) Effective Q4 2021, gains (losses) on economic hedges of our U.S. share-based compensation plans, which are reflected in revenue, and related variability in share-based compensation expense driven by changes in the fair value of liabilities relating to our U.S. share-based compensation plans have been reclassified from our Wealth Management segment to Corporate Support. Comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with this presentation. (4) AUM (Assets Under Management include the selection of investments and the provision of investments and the provision of investment advice. We have assets under management included in assets under administration. (5) Spot Balances.

# Wealth Management – Global Asset Management

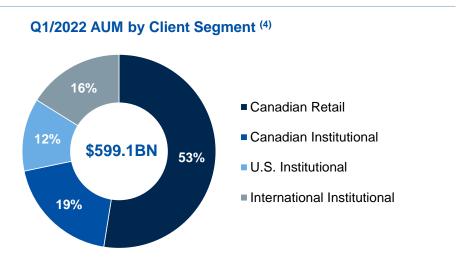
#### Building a high-performing global asset management business

- Driving top-tier profitability in our largest Wealth Management business
  - \$599.1BN in client assets
  - Investor asset mix of 53% Retail / 47% Institutional client assets
- Extending our lead in Canada
  - Largest retail fund company in Canada, ranked #1 in market share capturing 32.1% amongst banks and 16.1% all-in<sup>(1)</sup>
  - Strategic alliance between RBC Global Asset Management and BlackRock Canada connects clients to the largest and broadest ETF lineup in Canada
  - 4<sup>th</sup> largest institutional manager of Canadian pension assets<sup>(2)</sup>
- Delivering strong investment capabilities to support growth
  - Top performing investment firm with ~82% of AUM outperforming the benchmark on a 3-year basis<sup>(3)</sup>
  - Continued growth of investment capabilities and innovative solutions for both institutional clients and retail investors

#### **Canadian Retail Mutual Fund AUM (\$ billions)**



#### **Diversified Asset Mix**



<sup>(1)</sup> Investment Funds Institute of Canada (IFIC) in December 2021 and RBC reporting. Comprised of long-term funds and money market prospectus-qualified mutual funds sold to Retail and Institutional clients. (2) Benefits Canada, published in November 2021. (3) As at December 2021, gross of fees. (4) RBC GAM, based on period-end spot balances.

# Wealth Management

#### **Canadian Wealth Management**

- Maintain profitable growth with strong pre-tax margin
- #1 High Net Worth and Ultra High Net Worth market share in Canada<sup>(1)</sup>
- Canadian leader in fee-based assets per advisor<sup>(1)</sup>
- Consistently driving revenue per advisor of over \$1.8MM per year, 21% above Canadian industry average<sup>(1)</sup>
- Strong asset growth complemented by favourable market conditions
- Leveraging enterprise linkages to extend market share gains

#### **U.S. Wealth Management (including City National)**

#### **RBC Wealth Management-U.S.**

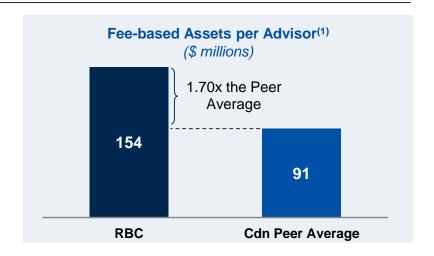
- 7<sup>th</sup> largest full-service wealth advisory firm in the U.S. as measured by number of financial advisors, and 6<sup>th</sup> largest by assets under administration<sup>(2)</sup>
- Enhancing the client-advisor experience through a digitally-enabled, goals-based planning approach, and strengthening the range of advisory solutions and product offerings
- Continuing to attract and onboard new advisors, and clearing relationships while improving advisory productivity and operational efficiency

#### **City National**

- A premier U.S. private and commercial bank that creates a platform for long-term growth in the U.S.
- Operates with a high-touch, branch-light client service model in select high-growth markets, including: Los Angeles, the San Francisco Bay area,
   Orange County, San Diego, New York, Boston, and Washington DC
- Expanding the CNB business model to select high-growth markets
- CNB recently launched a National Corporate Banking division that will specialize in meeting the complex banking and corporate finance needs of larger commercial and mid-corporate-sized companies across the country

#### **International Wealth Management**

- Growing market share in target markets
- Enhancing "One RBC" cross-platform connectivity
- Focusing on client service excellence
- Increasing business effectiveness and talent capabilities



(1) Investor Economics, October 2021. (2) Source: U.S. wealth advisory firms quarterly earnings releases (10-Q).

#### Insurance

#### **Strategic Priorities**

- Grow the Canadian Insurance business: By focusing on providing innovative and competitive products, and leveraging partnerships to expand value-added client services such as virtual health and wellness
- Grow the longevity business in Canada and the UK: By enabling client base growth, long-term investment returns, and risk diversification strategies
- Deepen client relationships across RBCI and RBC: By leveraging Insurance clients to grow RBC relationships

#### **Highlights**

The largest Canadian bank-owned insurance organization, serving 4.8 million clients globally<sup>(1)</sup>

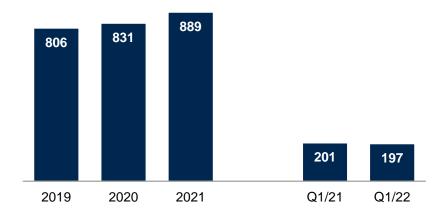
#1 in individual disability (inforce business) with  $32\%^{(2)}$  market share #1 in individual disability net new sales with  $40\%^{(2)}$  market share

Group Sales premium grew at 42% YoY, versus that of the industry at  $10\%^{(3)}$ 

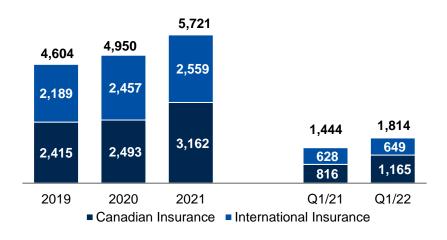
#2 in Segregated fund net sales(4)

RBC Guaranteed Investment Funds continue to be one of the fastest growing segregated fund providers in Canada with YoY growth of 31.1%<sup>(4)</sup>

#### **Net Income (\$ millions)**



#### **Premiums and Deposits (\$ millions)**



<sup>(1)</sup> Based on FY21 Total Insurance Revenue. (2) LIMRA Canadian Insurance Survey, 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter CY 2021. (3) LIMRA Canadian Insurance Survey, 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter CY 2021. (4) Strategic Insights, Insurance Advisory Service Report, January 2022.

# **Investor & Treasury Services**

- Provider of asset services, custody, payments and treasury services to financial and other investors worldwide. We are a trusted partner with offices in 13<sup>(1)</sup> countries in North America, Europe, the U.K., and Asia-Pacific.
  - Awarded Transfer Agent of the Year Globally for the third consecutive year<sup>(2)</sup>
  - Ranked #3 Asset Servicer Overall Globally<sup>(3)</sup>
  - Named Best Trade Finance Bank in Canada for the tenth consecutive year<sup>(4)</sup>

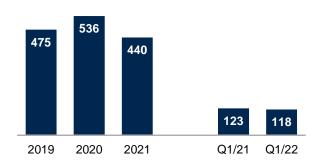
#### **Strategic Priorities**

Be the #1 asset services provider in Canada

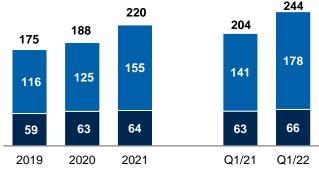
Compete in select, fast-growing asset servicing segments and markets

Deliver seamless client experiences and employ technology to enable our clients' success

#### **Net Income (\$ millions)**

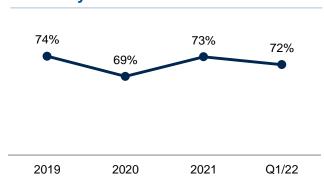


#### Average Deposits (\$ billions)<sup>(5)</sup>



Client deposits
 Wholesale funding deposits

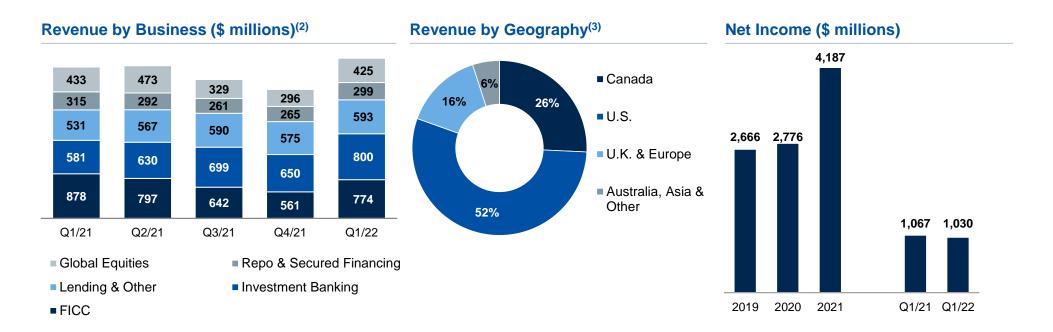
#### **Efficiency Ratio**



(1) This excludes 4 countries where we are ceasing operations. (2) Global Investor Group - Investment Excellence Awards, 2021. (3) R&M Investor Services Survey, 2021. (4) Global Finance, 2022. (5) Totals may not add up due to rounding.

# **Capital Markets**

- A premier global investment bank with core operations across Canada, the U.S., the U.K., Europe, and APAC
  - 9th largest global investment bank by fees(1)
- Strategically positioned in the largest financial centres, focused on the world's largest and most mature capital markets encompassing ~83% of the global investment banking fee pool<sup>(1)</sup>
- Recognized by the most significant corporations, institutional investors, asset managers, private equity firms, and governments around the globe
  as an innovative, trusted partner with in-depth expertise in capital markets, banking and finance



<sup>(1)</sup> Dealogic, based on global investment banking fees, Fiscal Q1 2022 (2) Global Markets segment revenue has been restated to align select portfolios previously disclosed in Repo and Secured Financing to FICC and Global Equities. Revenue by business only includes Corporate & Investment Banking and Global Markets, excluding CM Other. (3) For three months ended January 31, 2022.

# **Capital Markets**

#### **Strategic Priorities**

| Build deep, multi-product client relationships     | <ul> <li>Gain market share across all businesses and expand number of multi-product relationships</li> <li>Expand client coverage in underpenetrated sectors and products</li> </ul>  |
|--|---|
| Lead with advice, solutions and innovation         | <ul> <li>Grow Advisory &amp; Origination and accelerate Sustainable Finance across all business areas</li> <li>Enhance Sales &amp; Trading client value and insights from scaled electronic and digital strategy</li> </ul> |
| Leverage cross platform collaboration              | Continue to drive cross-platform and geographic collaboration across businesses and asset classes   |
| Invest in, engage and enable our talent            | Renew focus on talent development programs and accelerate Diversity & Inclusion strategy  |
| Simplify, prioritize and leverage our scale        | Optimize balance sheet utilization and strategically reallocate resources   |
| Evolve our brand as an innovative, trusted partner | Be recognized by our clients as an innovative, trusted partner with best-in-class capabilities  |

#### **Thought Leadership**



"Prepare for Hyperdrive"
An in-depth report on disruptive forces covering five key global and cross-sector themes

#### **Notable Deal Highlights**



Global Coordinator and Joint Bookrunner on C\$2.1Bn IPO; largest IPO in Canadian financial services since 1999



Exclusive Financial Advisor to SS&C Technologies on its £1.2Bn Acquisition of Blue Prism Group



Joint Bookrunner on US\$2.5Bn inaugural Green Bond; largest green bond ever from a U.S. corporation



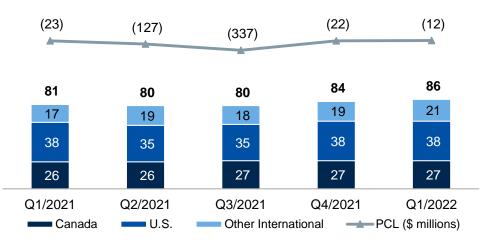
Financial Advisor to Newcrest Mining on its C\$3.5Bn Acquisition of Pretivm Resources

# Capital Markets

# Capital Markets Total Average Assets (\$ billions)

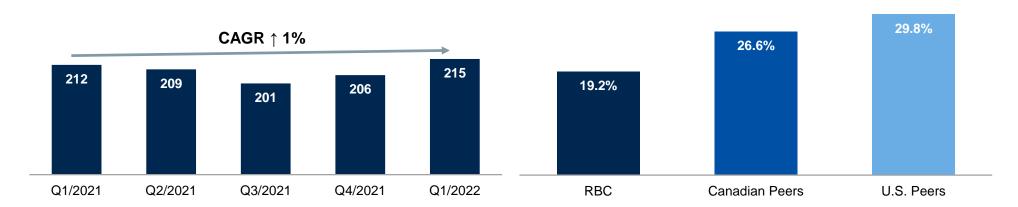
# CAGR ↑ 9% 807 743 695 686 717 Q1/2021 Q2/2021 Q3/2021 Q4/2021 Q1/2022

#### Geographic Diversification Across Loan Book Average Loans Outstanding by Region (\$ billions)<sup>(1)</sup>



Risk-Weighted Assets, Spot (\$ billions)(2)

Earnings Volatility vs. Canadian and U.S. Peers (Standard Deviation / Avg Earnings)<sup>(3)</sup>



(1) Average loans outstanding includes wholesale loans, acceptances, and off balance sheet letters of credit and guarantees for our Capital Markets portfolio, on single name basis. Excludes mortgage investments, securitized mortgages and other non-core items. This chart has been restated to exclude certain intergroup exposures that are not part of the corporate lending business. (2) Risk-weighted assets (RWA) - Basel III – Used in the calculation of risk-based capital ratios as defined by the guidelines sized by OSFI. The guidelines are Basel III effective January 1, 2013 and the "Basel III: A global regulatory framework for more resilient banks and banking systems - December 2010 (rev June 2011)" issued by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (BCBS) and aported by OSFI effective January 2013. A majority of our credit risk portfolios use IRBA Approach and the remainder uses Standardized Approach for the calculation of RWA based on the total exposure (i.e. exposure (i.e. exposure (i.e. exposure (i.e. exposure) in addition, Basel III requires a transitional capital floor adjustment. (3) Reflects pre-products. For Operational risk, we use the Standardized Approach. In addition, Basel III requires a transitional capital floor adjustment. (3) Reflects pre-products pre-provision, pre-tax earnings, which is revenue net of PBCAE and non-interest expenses. This is a non-GAAP measure. For more information, please refer to slide 64. Canadian peers include BMO, TD, CIBC, BNS and NA, US peers include JPM, GS, BAC, Citi and MS.

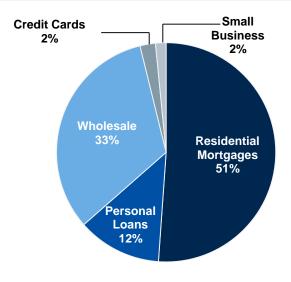
# Risk Review



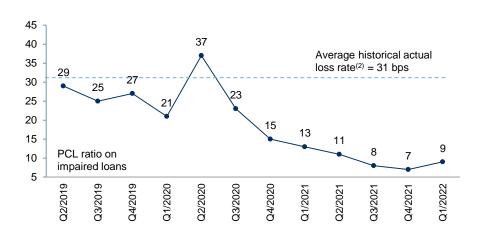
# Prudent risk management

#### A disciplined approach and diversification have underpinned credit quality

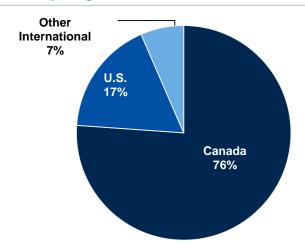
#### Loan Book Diversified by Portfolio<sup>(1)</sup>



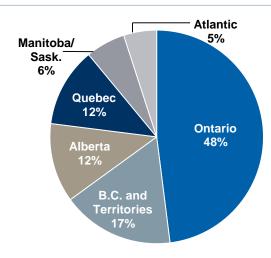
#### **PCL** Ratio on Impaired Loans (bps)



#### Breakdown by Region of Total Loans and Acceptances<sup>(1)</sup>



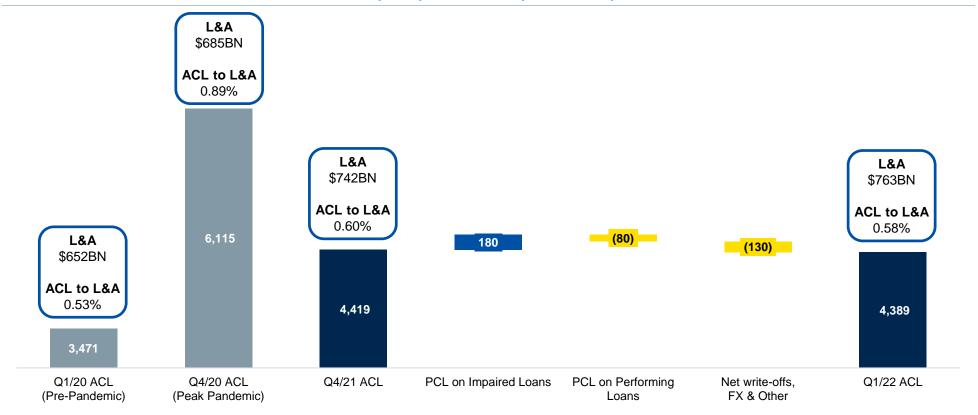
#### **Breakdown of Canadian Total Loans and Acceptances**(1)



(1) Loans and acceptances outstanding as at January 31, 2022. Does not include letters of credit or guarantees. (2) Average annual actual loss rate from fiscal 2003 through to the most recent full year. The information is updated on an annual basis and is based on consolidated results. The Average historical actual loss rate on a continuing operations basis is 0.31%.

# Allowance for Credit Losses: Trending towards pre-pandemic levels

#### Movement in Allowance for Credit Losses (ACL) on Loans (\$ millions)



- ACL on loans decreased \$30MM QoQ
  - Our \$80MM release of reserves on performing loans in the quarter reflects continued improvements in our macroeconomic and credit quality outlook during the quarter
  - The release of reserves on performing loans was primarily driven by our Canadian Banking personal lending portfolio and by our Caribbean Banking and Wealth Management businesses
- The cumulative release of reserves on performing loans since the start of 2021 represents 56% of the reserves built during Q2-Q4/2020
- ACL of 0.58% of loans and acceptances has returned closer to Q1/20 pre-pandemic levels of 0.53% of loans and acceptances, reflecting the
  economic recovery over the course of 2021, and continued portfolio growth (particularly in residential mortgages)

# Gross Impaired Loans: Continue trending lower on muted new formations

#### Gross Impaired Loans (GIL) (\$ millions, bps)



#### **Key Drivers of GIL (QoQ)**

Total GIL decreased \$167MM (down 3 bps QoQ)

#### **Canadian Banking**

 GIL of \$1,169MM decreased \$70MM QoQ, as muted new formations (particularly in our commercial portfolio) were more than offset by relatively stable write-offs and loans returned to performing status

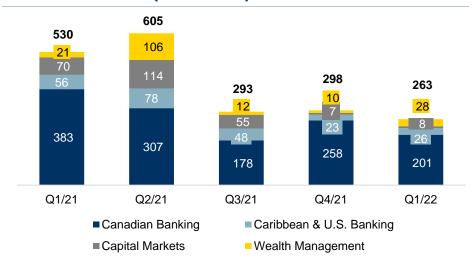
#### **Capital Markets**

 GIL of \$418MM decreased \$67MM QoQ, due primarily to the sale of an impaired loan and repayments in the Consumer Discretionary sector, as well as repayments in the Oil and Gas sector

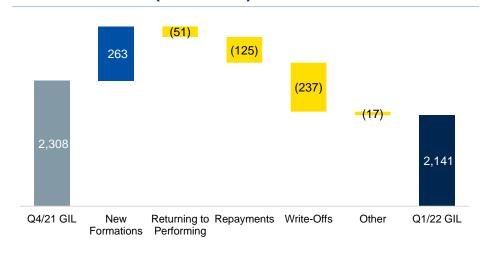
#### Wealth Management (including CNB)

- GIL of \$199MM decreased \$34MM QoQ, primarily in the Investments and Real Estate and Related sectors
  - New formations were higher QoQ, primarily at CNB in the Consumer Discretionary sector

#### **New Formations (\$ millions)**(1)



#### **Net Formations (\$ millions)**



(1) New formations for collectively assessed portfolios in Canadian Banking and Caribbean Banking are net of amounts returned to performing, repayments, sales, FX, and other movements, as amounts are not reasonably determinable.

# PCL on impaired loans: Remain below pre-pandemic and long-term averages

#### **Total RBC (\$ millions, bps)**



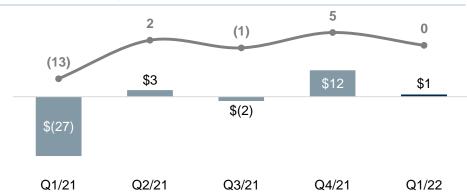
 Higher provisions QoQ, due to higher provisions in Canadian Banking and modest provisions in Caribbean Banking (compared to net reversals last quarter), partially offset by lower provisions in Wealth Management

#### **Canadian Banking (\$ millions, bps)**



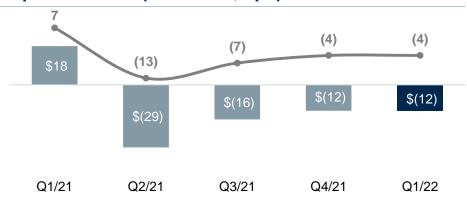
- Retail: Higher provisions QoQ with modest increases across most retail portfolios
- Commercial: Higher provisions QoQ primarily driven by larger provisions on two accounts in the Other Services and Consumer Staples sectors

#### Wealth Management (\$ millions, bps)



 Provisions were lower QoQ, due primarily to a reversal of a provision taken last quarter on a loan in the Information Technology sector at CNB, partially offset by provisions this quarter in the Consumer Discretionary sector at CNB

#### Capital Markets (\$ millions, bps)



- Net recoveries were stable QoQ
- In Q1/2022, a provision on a previously impaired loan in the Oil and Gas sector was more than offset by net reversals in the Transportation, Consumer Discretionary, and Telecom and Media sectors

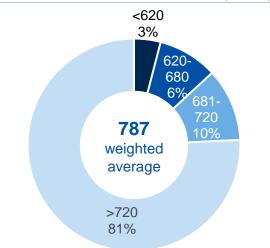
# Canadian Banking: Strong underlying credit quality

#### Canadian Banking (CB) PCL on Impaired Loans and Gross Impaired Loans

|                           | Q1/22 Avg<br>Loan<br>Balances<br>(\$BN) | Loan (bps) <sup>(1)</sup> |       | Gross Impaired Loans<br>(bps) |                   |                   | Avg<br>FICO              |                    |
|---------------------------|---|---------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
|                           |   | Q1/21                     | Q4/21 | Q1/22                         | Q1/21             | Q4/21             | Q1/22                    | Score<br>(Q1/22)   |
| Residential Mortgages (2) | 338.2                                   | 2                         | (0)   | 0                             | 15                | 13                | 12                       | 791                |
| Personal Lending          | 75.0                                    | 43                        | 26    | 31                            | 27                | 21                | 22                       | 778                |
| Credit Cards              | 17.6                                    | 156                       | 150   | 158                           | 73 <sup>(3)</sup> | 61 <sup>(3)</sup> | <b>75</b> <sup>(3)</sup> | 739                |
| Small Business (4)        | 11.9                                    | 60                        | 33    | 22                            | 155               | 91                | 90                       | n.a.               |
| Commercial (4)            | 84.9                                    | 20                        | 11    | 23                            | 74                | 64                | 56                       | n.a.               |
| Total                     | 527.6                                   | 18                        | 11    | 14                            | 28                | 24                | 22                       | 787 <sup>(6)</sup> |

PCL and GIL ratios remain below pre-pandemic levels and historical averages

#### CB Retail FICO Score Distribution (Q1/22)

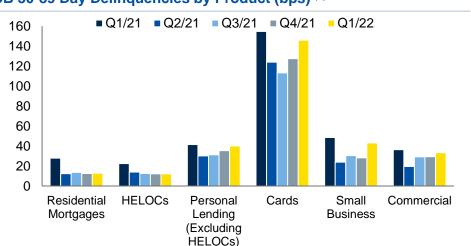


 Credit quality remains high with 3% of the portfolio with a FICO score below 620

#### CB Delinquencies By Days Past Due (bps) (5)



#### CB 30-89 Day Delinquencies by Product (bps) (5)



Delinquencies were up QoQ in most portfolios (due in part to seasonality), but were lower YoY and remain at or below pre-pandemic levels, driven
by significant levels of deposits, a strong underlying housing market, and continued benefits to clients from government support programs

(1) Calculated using average net of allowance on loans and acceptances. (2) Includes \$11.2BN of mortgages on multi-unit residential buildings originated in P&CB Business Banking. (3) Represents 90+ Days Past Due, as there are no GIL balances for Credit Cards. (4) In Q2/21, following capital treatment guideline change, ~\$5BN of exposure previously classified as Commercial was reclassified as Small Business exposure. (5) Includes restrained accounts, where loans 30-59 days past due result from administrative processes, such as mortgage loans, where payments have been restricted pending payout due to sale or refinancing. (6) Average FICO is balance weighted for all retail products.

# Canadian residential portfolio: Strong underlying credit quality

#### Q1/2022 Highlights(1)

- Strong underlying quality of uninsured residential lending portfolio
  - 52% of uninsured portfolio have a FICO score >800
- GTA and GVA average FICO scores remain above the Canadian average
- 90-days impaired rate<sup>(3)</sup> of residential lending portfolio remains stable at low levels
- Condominium outstanding balance is 11.5% of residential lending portfolio, with 54% of the uninsured segment having a FICO score > 800

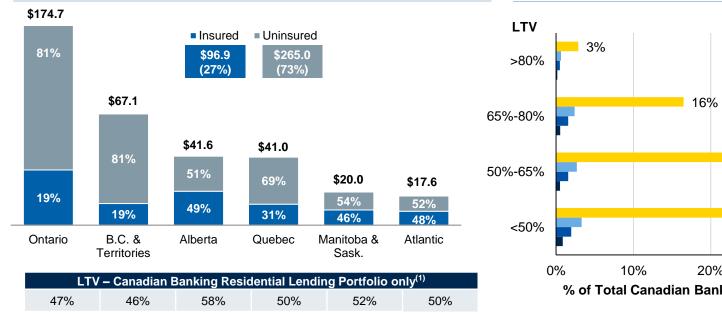
#### Canadian Banking Residential Lending Portfolio<sup>(1)</sup>

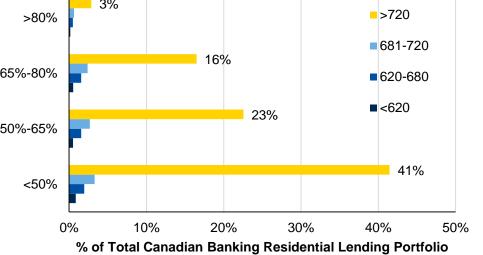
|                      | Total \$365.7BN | Uninsured \$301.4BN |
|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Mortgage             | \$330.5BN       | \$266.2BN           |
| HELOC                | \$35.2BN        | \$35.2BN            |
| LTV                  | 49%             | 48%                 |
| GVA                  | 45%             | 45%                 |
| GTA                  | 47%             | 47%                 |
| Average FICO Score   | 800             | 805                 |
| 90+ Days Past Due(3) | 13 bps          | 9 bps               |
| GVA                  | 8 bps           | 7 bps               |
| GTA                  | 5 bps           | 5 bps               |

#### Canadian Residential Mortgage Portfolio<sup>(2)</sup> (\$ billions)

#### Canadian Banking Residential Lending Portfolio(1)

**FICO Scores** 





<sup>(1)</sup> Based on \$330.5BN in residential mortgages with non-commercial clients and \$35.2BN in HELOC in Canadian Banking. Based on spot balances. Totals may not add due to rounding. Weighted by mortgage balances and adjusted for property values based on the Teranet – National Bank National Composite House Price Index. (2) Canadian residential mortgage portfolio of \$362BN comprised of \$330.5BN of residential mortgages in Canadian Banking, \$2.6BN in other Canadian business platforms, \$11.2BN of mortgages with commercial clients (\$7.8BN insured) and \$17.7BN of residential mortgages in Capital Markets held for securitization purposes (all insured). (3) The 90+ day past due rate includes all accounts that are either 90 days or more past due or are in impaired status.

# Allowance for Credit Losses: Trending towards pre-pandemic levels

#### Allocation of ACL by Product as a % of Loans & Acceptances

| Product                              | Pre-<br>Pandemic<br>Q1/20 | Q2/20 | Q3/20 | Peak Total<br>ACL Ratio<br>Q4/20 | Q1/21 | Q2/21 | Q3/21 | Q4/21 | Q1/22 |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Residential mortgages <sub>(1)</sub> | 0.12%                     | 0.15% | 0.16% | 0.15%                            | 0.15% | 0.14% | 0.12% | 0.11% | 0.10% |
| Other Retail                         | 1.61%                     | 2.19% | 2.34% | 2.34%                            | 2.36% | 2.20% | 1.92% | 1.73% | 1.68% |
| Personal                             | 1.03%                     | 1.39% | 1.44% | 1.42%                            | 1.45% | 1.41% | 1.28% | 1.15% | 1.10% |
| Credit cards                         | 4.35%                     | 6.58% | 7.06% | 7.07%                            | 7.33% | 6.84% | 5.54% | 4.91% | 5.02% |
| Small business (2)                   | 1.19%                     | 1.87% | 1.92% | 2.44%                            | 2.48% | 1.70% | 1.55% | 1.47% | 1.50% |
| Retail                               | 0.52%                     | 0.68% | 0.72% | 0.70%                            | 0.68% | 0.65% | 0.56% | 0.51% | 0.49% |
| Wholesale <sub>(1,2)</sub>           | 0.58%                     | 1.15% | 1.26% | 1.33%                            | 1.24% | 1.14% | 0.95% | 0.83% | 0.80% |
| Total ACL                            | 0.53%                     | 0.84% | 0.89% | 0.89%                            | 0.85% | 0.79% | 0.67% | 0.60% | 0.58% |

<sup>(1)</sup> Items not subject to impairment are loans held at FVTPL: Residential mortgages (Q1/22: \$240MM, Q4/21: \$241MM, Q3/21: \$252MM, Q2/21: \$252MM, Q4/20: \$253MM, Q3/20: \$253MM, Q3/20: \$256MM, Q2/20: \$405MM, Q1/20: \$534MM); Wholesale (Q1/22:\$13.2BN, Q4/21:\$11.2BN, Q3/21: \$10.6BN, Q2/21: \$8.6BN, Q1/21: \$10.4BN, Q4/20: \$8.6BN, Q3/20: \$8.3BN, Q2/20: \$10.1BN, Q1/20: \$10.7BN). (2) In Q2/21, ~\$5BN of loans previously classified as Commercial was reclassified as Small Business loans.

# Technology @ RBC



# Investors value RBC for its industry-leading franchises and innovative approach

Creating More Value for Clients

- **8.1MM** active digital users<sup>(1)</sup>
- 2.9MM+ clients connected through MyAdvisor to a personalized plan
- 5.7MM active mobile clients<sup>(1)</sup> on the RBC Mobile app

Data & Artificial Intelligence Insights

- 4 Borealis Al labs connected with top universities across
   Canada, with 40+ PhDs
- 2.3BN+ insights read by clients on NOMI in the RBC Mobile app<sup>(2)</sup>

Driving
Efficiency &
Operational
Excellence

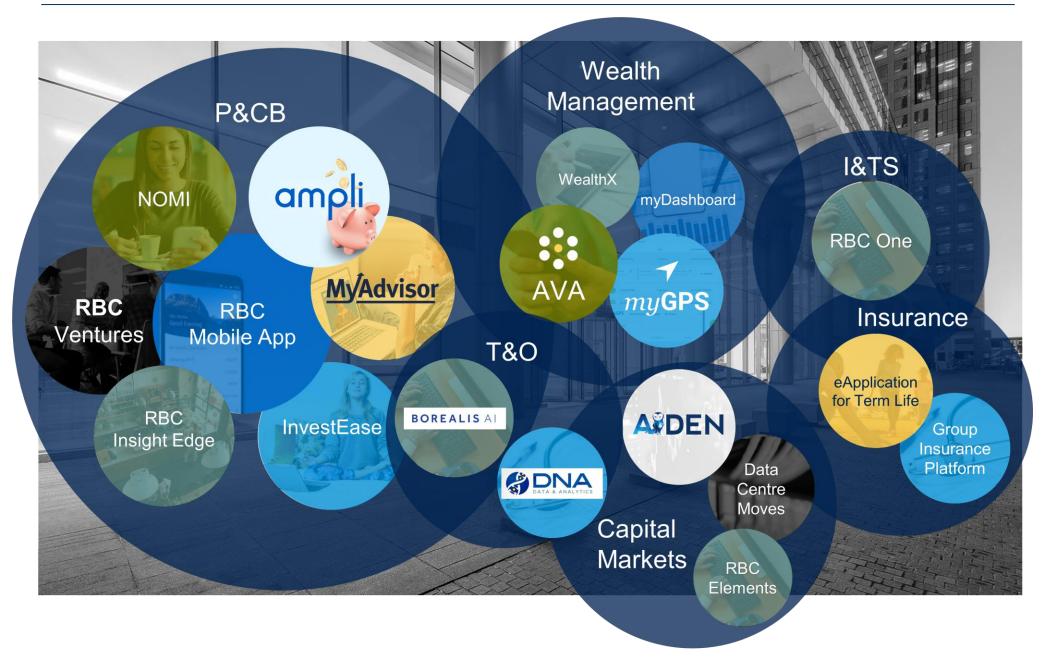
 599MM client transactions daily<sup>(3)</sup> Innovation Ecosystem & Partnerships

- 6 innovation labs globally
- 14 RBC Ventures in market
- #1<sup>(4)</sup> workplace in Canada to grow your career

(1) These figures (in 000s) represent the 90-Day Active customers in Canadian Banking only and are spot values. (2) Insights read on a launch to date basis. (3) Daily average number of transactions. (4) Based on LinkedIn's 2021 Top Companies in Canada list.

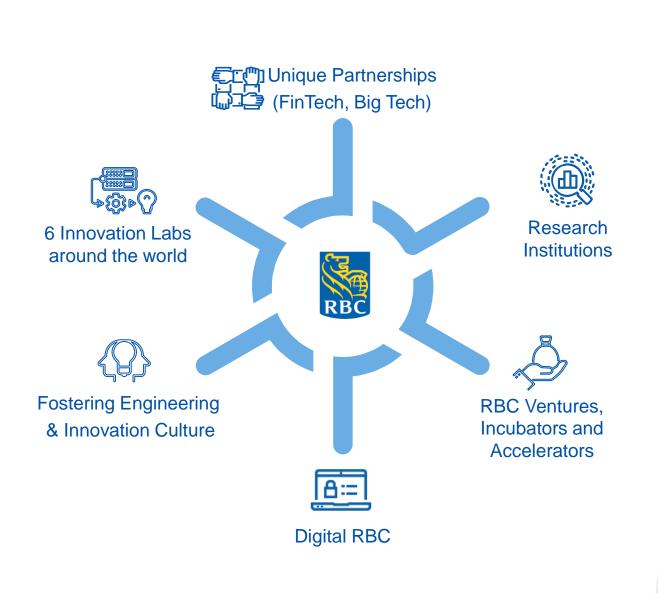
34 | TECHNOLOGY @ RBC

# Our technology platforms are enabling all businesses to exceed client expectations



35 | TECHNOLOGY @ RBC

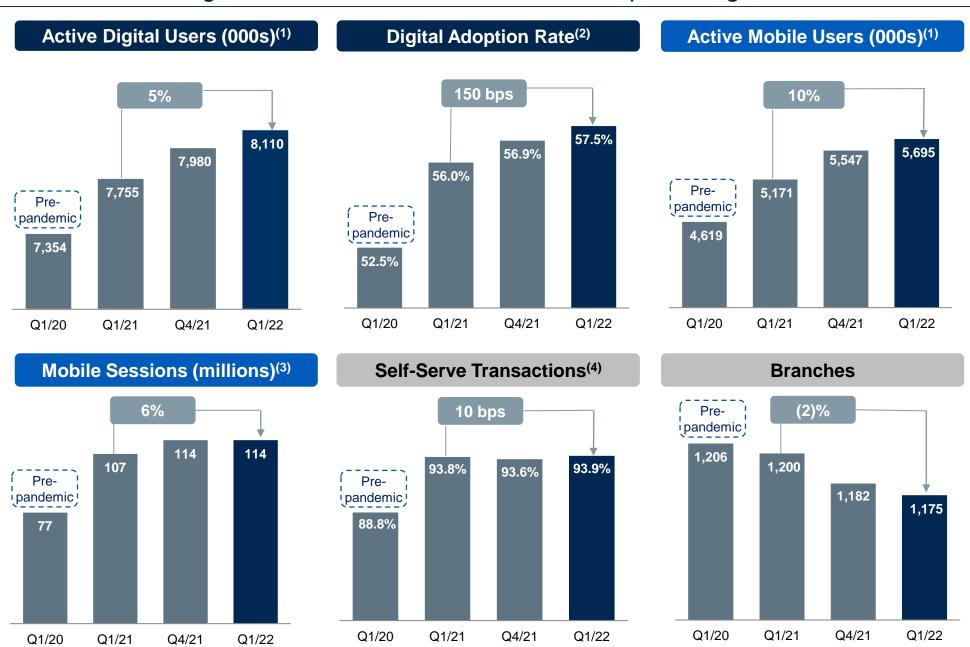
#### We have developed a rich innovative ecosystem that attracts top talent





6 | TECHNOLOGY @ RBC

#### Canadian Banking: Our 14MM clients continue to adopt our digital channels

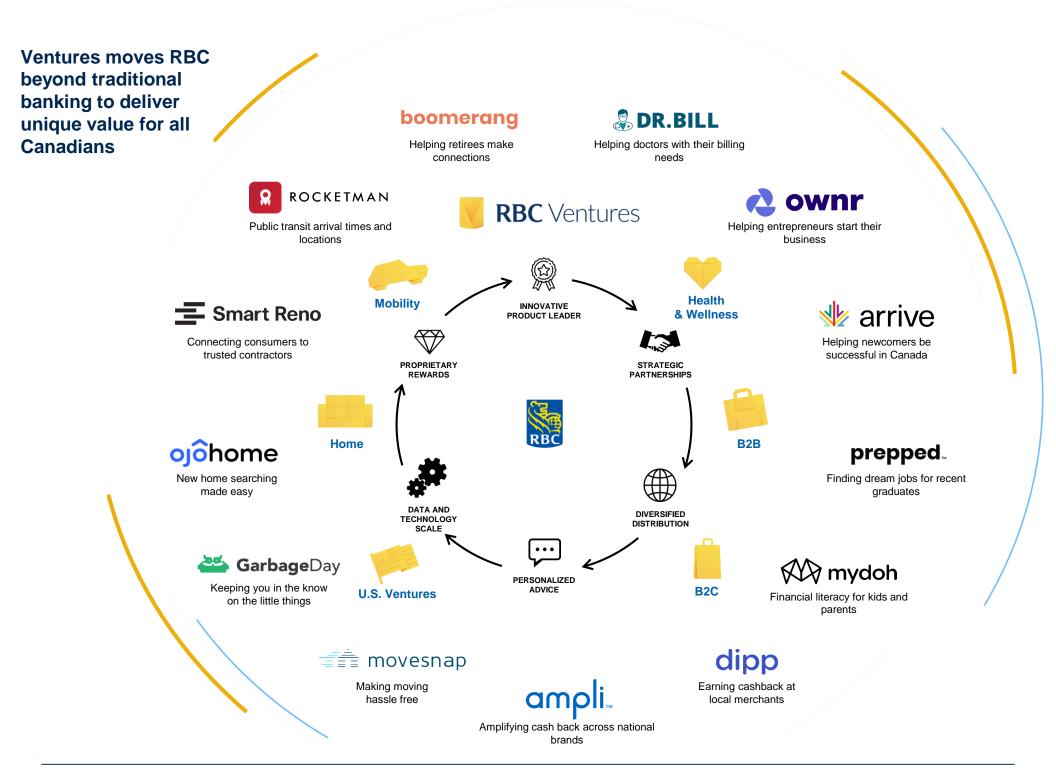


<sup>(1)</sup> These figures (in 000s) represent the 90-Day Active customers in Canadian Banking only and are spot values. (2) Digital Adoption rate calculated using 90-day active users. (3) These figures represent the total number of application logins using a mobile device. (4) Financial transactions only.

37 | TECHNOLOGY @ RBC RBC

### **RBC** Ventures





39 | RBC VENTURES RBC

Environmental, Social & Governance (ESG)



#### **ESG:** Putting our Purpose into practice

#### Royal Bank of Canada is a purpose-driven, principles-led organization

#### How we deliver value



#### **Building & attracting talent** and driving a diverse & inclusive culture

- 44% women executives<sup>(1)</sup> and 46% women(2) on RBC's Board of **Directors**
- 23% of executives<sup>(1)(3)</sup> are BIPOC
- BIPOC accounted for 43% of executive appointments in FY21, exceeding our goal of 30%(3)(4)
- #2 globally in the Refinitiv Diversity & Inclusion Index, ranking over 11,000 listed companies
- For the sixth year in a row, RBC
   Total value of socially responsible has been named to the **Bloomberg Gender-Equality** Index



#### Sustainable finance and responsible investment

- \$84 billion<sup>(5)</sup> in sustainable finance in 2021, building towards our target of \$500 billion by 2025
- Successfully completed a **US\$750** million Green Bond offering in Q3/2021, in partnership with a syndicate of diverse-owned broker dealers
- Focused strategy to integrate ESG across all businesses in Capital Markets led by a dedicated Sustainable Finance Group
- investments and impact assets under management grew to \$12.5 billion<sup>(5)</sup>



#### Committed to net-zero emissions and accelerating clean economic growth

- Enterprise climate change strategy, RBC Climate Blueprint, aims to support clients in the net-zero transition
- Joined the NZBA<sup>(6)</sup>, PCAF<sup>(7)</sup> and a pilot project on climate risk scenarios stress testing led by the Bank of Canada and OSFI
- Published The \$2 Trillion Transition, RBC Economics research that lays out the cost and opportunities of Canada's journey to net-zero emissions
- Net-zero leadership in our own operations, where we will reduce emissions by 70% and source 100% renewable and non-emitting electricity by 2025



#### Preparing youth for the future of work(9)

- Invested \$265+ million<sup>(10)</sup>, through RBC Future Launch to prepare Canadian youth
- **76%** of youth reported<sup>(10)</sup> feeling better prepared for the workforce, through mentorship, networking and work integrated learning
- Enabled 18,000 paid student work placements through a **\$16MM** federal wage subsidy<sup>(10)</sup>
- 2,800 students placed directly with RBC clients resulting in **\$6.5MM** in subsidies being provided to our clients (10)

RBC is recognized as an "Outperformer" or a "Leader" by our top tier ESG rating agencies (8) and indices, including:



MSCI



Now a Part of S&P Global

**Banking industry ranking** in 80th percentile

"AA" Rating

Overall score 77 91<sup>st</sup> percentile

(1) Represents data as at October 31, 2021 for our businesses in Canada governed by the Employment Equity Act (Canada). (2) Board composition is reflective as of October 31, 2021. (3) Based on employee self-identification as at October 31, 2021 and aligned to the definitions of the Employment Equity Act in Canada. (4) RBC's Actions Against Systemic Racism. (5) As of FY2021. (6) Net-Zero Banking Alliance (NZBA). (7) The Partnership for Carbon Accounting Financials (PCAF). (8) Includes FTSE4Good, MSCI, Vigeo EIRIS and S&P Corporate Sustainability Assessment. (9) Statistics based on internal data reported to the Governance Committee of the Board, updated October 31, 2021. (10) Since Future Launch program inception in 2017.

**ESG RBC** 

#### Our suite of RBC ESG disclosures

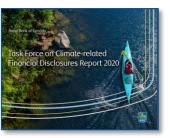
#### Annual voluntary and regulatory ESG performance disclosures



ESG Performance Report & SASB Index



Public Accountability Statement 2020



**TCFD** Report



RBC I&TS Luxembourg
CSR Report



City National CSR Report



Corporate Governance and Responsible Investment Annual Report



RBC Green Bond Report



RBC Enterprise
Diversity & Inclusion
Statement of
Performance



A Chosen Journey Report



Employment Equity Report



RBC GAM TCFD Report



Modern Slavery Act Statement



CDP Response

#### Position statements, frameworks and policy and program "backgrounders"



**RBC Climate Blueprint** 



RBC Human Rights
Position Statement



About Corporate Citizenship suite of policy and program "backgrounders"



Policy Guidelines for Sensitive Sectors and Activities (Coal and Arctic)



Our Commitment to Sustainable Finance



RBC Impact Measurement Framework



42 | ESG RBC

# **Economic Backdrop**



#### Canada's strong fiscal position

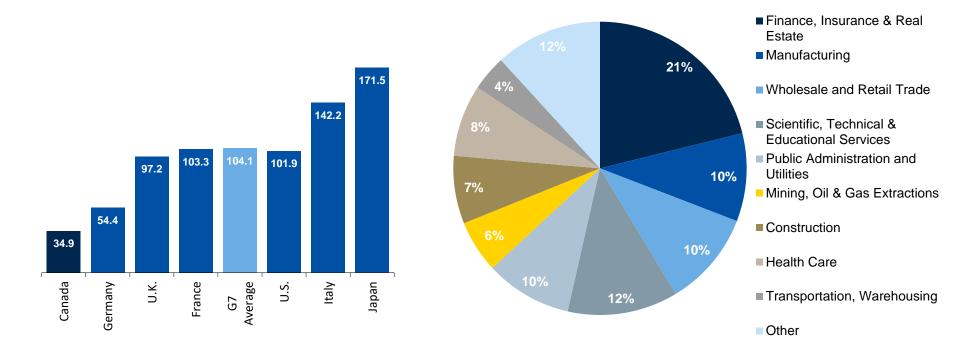
- Strong rating as a result of fiscal prudence, conservative bank lending practices and a solid economy
- Lowest net debt-to-GDP ratio among G7 peers<sup>(1)</sup>

Net Debt as % of GDP<sup>(1)</sup>

(2021)

Canadian GDP by Industry<sup>(2)</sup>





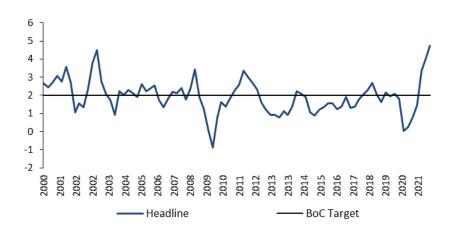
(1) Net debt refers to General Government net debt. International Monetary Fund October 2021 Fiscal Monitor. (2) Statistics Canada, RBC Economics Research.

44 | ECONOMIC BACKDROP RBC

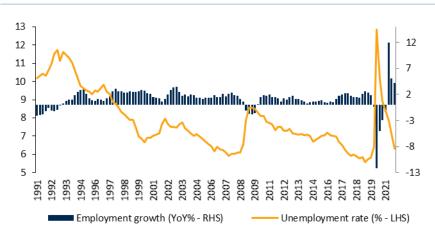
#### Economy's recovery expected to continue despite Omicron disruptions

- The spread of the Omicron COVID-19 variant and re-imposed containment measures in some regions limited economic activity in Canada in early 2022. Those disruptions are expected to be temporary, with GDP growth expected to bounce back in Q2.
- Output in goods-producing industries continues to be restrained by global supply chain disruptions. Beyond near-term virus-related disruptions, acute and widespread labour shortages are expected to remain a headwind to economic growth. We expect Canadian GDP to increase 4.0% in 2022 and 2.8% in 2023, following a 4.6% increase in 2021.
- Year-over-year Consumer Price Index (CPI) growth has increased sharply, in part due to very low prices a year-ago when the pandemic was having a larger economic impact and high energy prices. However, inflation pressures are also building across a broader variety of goods and services as high business input costs and global supply chain disruptions filter through to end product consumer prices and consumer demand for services recovers.
- The emergence of the rapidly spreading Omicron variant is expected to have a smaller impact on the U.S. economy with fewer containment measures re-imposed. However, inflation measures have accelerated sharply, and acute and widespread labour shortages are expected to persist and limit the pace of GDP growth in 2022.
- With labour markets firming, and inflation rates running above central bank targets, both the U.S. Federal Reserve and Bank of Canada are expected to hike interest rates in 2022.

#### Canadian Inflation (YoY)(1)



#### Canadian Labour Markets (YoY)(2)



45 | ECONOMIC BACKDROP RBC

<sup>(1)</sup> Statistics Canada, RBC Economics Research. (2) Statistics Canada, Bureau of Labor Statistics, RBC Economics Research.

#### 2022 Economic Outlook

#### **Projected Economic Indicators for 2022**(1)

|           | GDP Growth | Inflation | Unemployment<br>Rate | Interest Rate<br>(3 mth T-bills) | Current Account<br>Balance/GDP <sup>(2)</sup> | Budget<br>Surplus/GDP <sup>(3)</sup> |
|-----------|------------|-----------|----------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Canada    | 4.0%       | 3.3%      | 5.7%                 | 1.05%                            | 0.9%  | (2.2%)                               |
| U.S.      | 3.6%       | 4.1%      | 3.9%                 | 0.95%                            | (3.6%)  | (6.9%)                               |
| Euro Area | 3.9%       | 2.4%      | 7.6%                 | NA                               | 2.7%  | (3.4)                                |

#### Canada

- The Canadian economy forecast to grow by 4.0% in 2022, following a 4.6% increase in 2021. Disruptions to economic
  activity due to the Omicron COVID-19 variant are expected to be temporary, with slower Q1 growth followed by a pickup in
  Q2 and Q3.
- Stronger consumer demand, high oil prices, persistent supply chain pressures, and rising input prices are expected to put a floor under near-term inflation rates.
- With labour markets and inflation rates both substantially firmer, the Bank of Canada is expected to begin hiking interest rates in 2022.

#### U.S.

- The U.S. economy is expected to grow 3.6% in 2022, after a 5.6% increase in 2021. Growth is expected to be limited in early 2022, in part by virus-related disruptions with hours worked edging lower in January despite very strong employment growth. However, labour shortages are expected to limit the pace of growth in the economy through the rest of 2022, with the unemployment rate already low and wage growth accelerating.
- Consumer price growth has accelerated and broadened across a wider array of products and services. Strong consumer
  demand, higher energy prices and ongoing global supply chain disruptions are expected to keep inflation running faster
  than pre-pandemic rates.
- Stronger labour markets and rising inflation will prompt the Federal Reserve to begin hiking interest rates in 2022.

#### **Euro Area**

- Euro area GDP growth is expected to be limited in Q1 2022 by the rapid spread of the Omicron COVID-19 variant, with growth expected to strengthen in Q2 as disruptions fade.
- Labour markets in the Euro area have tightened significantly, and inflation has accelerated.

(1) RBC Economics Research as of January 6, 2022 and reflects forecasts for calendar 2022. (2) RBC Economics Research, IMF WEO (October, 2021). (3) IMF WEO (October, 2021).

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# Canadian Housing Market



#### Structural backdrop to the Canadian and U.S. housing markets

|                      | Canada <sup>(1)</sup>  | U.S. <sup>(1)</sup>   |
|----------------------|--|---|
| Regulation           | <ul> <li>Government influences mortgage underwriting policies<br/>primarily through control of insurance eligibility rules</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Agency insured only if conforming and LTV under<br/>80%</li> </ul>                           |
|                      | <ul> <li>Fully insured if loan-to-value (LTV) is over 80%</li> </ul>   | <ul><li>No regulatory LTV limit – can be over 100%</li></ul>  |
|                      | <ul> <li>Must meet 5-year fixed rate mortgage standards</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Not government-backed if private insurer defaults</li> </ul>                                 |
|                      | <ul> <li>Government-backed, on homes under \$1MM</li> </ul>  |   |
|                      | <ul> <li>Down-payment over 20% on non-owner occupied properties</li> </ul>   |   |
|                      | <ul> <li>CMHC last increased mortgage loan insurance premiums<br/>in 2017 by ~15% for new mortgages with LTV over 90%</li> </ul>   |   |
|                      | <ul> <li>Minimum down payment for new government-backed insured mortgages is 10% for portion of the value of a home being purchased that is between \$500,000 – \$999,000, and 5% below \$500,000</li> </ul> |   |
|                      | <ul> <li>Re-financing cap of 80% on non-insured</li> </ul>   |   |
| Consumer             | Mortgage interest not tax deductible   | <ul> <li>Mortgage interest is tax deductible</li> </ul>   |
| Behaviour            | Greater incentive to pay off mortgage  | <ul> <li>Less incentive to pay down mortgage</li> </ul>   |
| Lender               | Strong underwriting discipline; extensive documentation  | <ul> <li>Wide range of underwriting and documentation</li> </ul>                                      |
| Behaviour            | <ul> <li>Most mortgages are held on balance sheet</li> </ul>   | requirements  |
|                      | <ul> <li>Conservative lending policies have historically led to low<br/>delinquency rates</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Most mortgages securitized</li> </ul>  |
| Lenders'<br>Recourse | <ul> <li>Ability to foreclose on non-performing mortgages, with no<br/>stay periods</li> </ul>   | <ul> <li>Stay period from 90 days to one year to foreclose<br/>on non-performing mortgages</li> </ul> |
|                      | <ul> <li>Full recourse against borrowers<sup>(2)</sup></li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Limited recourse against borrowers in key states</li> </ul>                                  |
|                      |  |   |

<sup>(1)</sup> Current regulation and lenders recourse. (2) Alberta and Saskatchewan have some limited restrictions on full recourse.

#### Legislation and policies – promoting a healthy Canadian housing market

#### January 2022 (proposed) - Department of Finance

Tax of 1% on the value of non-resident, non-Canadian-owned real estate considered vacant or underused

#### June 2021 - OSFI, Department of Finance

 The stress test qualifying rate for insured and uninsured mortgages changing to the client rate plus 2 percentage points or 5.25%, whichever is greater

#### **July 2020 - CMHC**

- Minimum credit score for CMHC insured mortgages raised from 600 to 680
- Gross debt service ratio reduced to 35%; total debt service ratio reduced to 42% to qualify for CMHC insured mortgage
- CMHC tightened rules on admissible down payment sources

#### February 2018 - Government of British Columbia

• The B.C. government introduced a 30-point plan to address housing affordability issues. It included a new speculation tax (2% of assessed value) on homeowners who do not pay income tax in the province and increased the foreign buyer tax to 20% from 15%

#### January 2018 - OSFI

Qualifying rate for uninsured mortgages raised to 2 percentage points above the contract rate or the five-year posted rate, whichever is higher

#### **April 2017 – Government of Ontario**

• Introduced the 'Fair Housing Plan': 16 measures to address risks in the housing market including a 15% speculation tax on non-residents purchasing homes in the Greater Golden Horseshoe region

#### January 2017 – City of Vancouver

Vancouver introduced a tax of 1% of the assessed value of each home which is vacant (principal residence is exempt)

#### October 2016 – Department of Finance

- Qualifying rate for high-ratio mortgages with a term of five years or more is changed to the 5-year posted rate
- Portfolio-insured low-ratio mortgage loans must meet the eligibility criteria of high-ratio insured mortgage
- A principal residence sale must be reported in the seller's tax return, even if any capital gain is protected by the principal residence exemption

#### Legislation and policies – promoting a healthy Canadian housing market

#### July-August 2016 - OSFI & the Government of British Columbia

- OSFI increased scrutiny on mortgage underwriting standards: greater emphasis on internal controls, risk management practices and market developments
- BC government introduced a property transfer tax of 15% on foreign buyers registering the purchase of a home in Metro Vancouver

#### **December 2015 – Department of Finance**

 Minimum down payment for new government-backed insured mortgages increased from 5% to 10% for portion of the value of a home being purchased that is between \$500,000 and \$999,999 (came into effect February 2016)

#### April 2014 - CMHC

Discontinued offering mortgage insurance on 2nd homes and to self-employed individuals without 3rd party income validation

#### **July 2012 - CMHC**

- Maximum amortization on government-backed insured mortgages reduced to 25 years from 30 years
- Maximum amount that can be borrowed on a mortgage refinancing lowered to 80% from 85%
- CMHC insurance availability is limited to homes with a purchase price of <\$1 million lowered from \$3.5 million</li>
- Set the borrower's maximum gross debt service ratio at 39% and maximum total debt service ratio at 44%

#### March 2011 - CMHC

- Maximum amortization on government-backed insured mortgages reduced to 30 years from 35 years
- Maximum amount that can be borrowed on a mortgage refinancing lowered to 85% from 90%

#### February 2010 - Department of Finance

- Borrowers with insured mortgage terms of less than five years must meet the standards for a five-year fixed rate mortgage
- Maximum amount that can be borrowed on a mortgage refinancing lowered to 90% from 95%
- Minimum 20% down payment is required in order to qualify for government-backed mortgage insurance on non-owner-occupied properties

#### July 2008 - Department of Finance

- Maximum amortization on government-backed insured mortgages reduced to 35 years from 40 years
- A minimum 5% down payment is required in order to qualify for government-backed insured mortgages
- Minimum credit score requirements, new loan documentation standards, setting a maximum of 45% on borrowers total debt service ratio

#### The Toronto and Vancouver downtown condo markets

- Constraints on undeveloped land around Toronto / Vancouver have contributed to a shift to higher-density condo housing
  - Provincial growth plan, including 'Green belt' surrounding Toronto, contains urban sprawl and favours condo development
  - Vancouver is restricted in its ability for urban sprawl due to land constraints away from the city centre
- Canada has one of the highest per capita rates of permanent immigration in the world<sup>(1)</sup>
  - 22% of Canada's population is foreign born (7.5 MM), highest proportion among the G8 nations<sup>(1)</sup>
  - 56% of all new immigrants to Canada move to Toronto, Vancouver or Montreal<sup>(1)</sup>
- RBC's exposure to condo development is limited about 3.2% of our Canadian commercial loan book<sup>(2)</sup>
  - Condo exposure is 11.5% of Canadian residential lending portfolio<sup>(2)(3)</sup>

#### "Green Belt" Surrounding Greater Toronto Area



#### Vancouver Limited by Mountains, Sea, U.S. Border



(1) Statistics Canada, 2016 Census. (2) As at January 31, 2022. (3) Based on \$330.5BN in residential mortgages with non-commercial clients and \$35.2BN in HELOC in Canadian Banking. Based on spot balances.

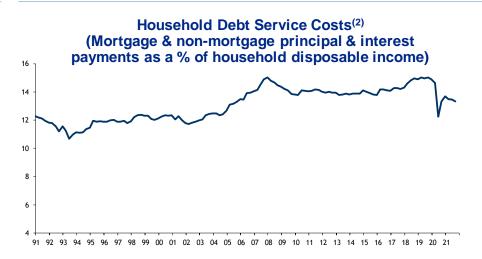
#### Canada's housing market: heated by strong demand and scarce supply

- COVID-19 impacted housing markets in unexpected ways. Home resales plunged in the spring of 2020, but then soared to record levels. Pent-up demand, exceptionally low interest rates, changing housing needs and high household savings proved powerful demand drivers despite recurring economic disruptions from successive waves of the pandemic.
- Activity and prices ended 2021 on an extremely strong note across most of Canada. There was still substantial unmet demand in the market amid record low inventories. Recent trends are expected to continue in the near term though the Bank of Canada's rate liftoff is projected to cool down—though not derail—the market later in 2022 and into 2023.
- Canada's longer-term housing market fundamentals continue to be favourable. Immigration will be a major driver of housing demand for years to come.
- Lenders maintain strong underwriting discipline and require extensive documentation.
  - Most mortgages held on balance sheet and conservative lending policies have led to low delinquency rates.

#### **Demand-supply conditions are extremely tight**

# Sales-to-New Listings Ratio<sup>(1)</sup> (Residential unit sales to new residential listings) 1.00 0.90 0.80 0.70 0.60 0.50 0.40 0.30 0.20 Balanced market 0.70 0.80 Balanced market 0.70 0.60 0.50 0.40 0.30 0.20 1996 1998 2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2018 2020

#### Historic government aid temporarily lightens debt service costs



(1) Canadian Real Estate Association, RBC Economics. (2) Statistics Canada, RBC Economics. PDI: Personal Disposable Income.

#### Property values are at or near record highs across the country

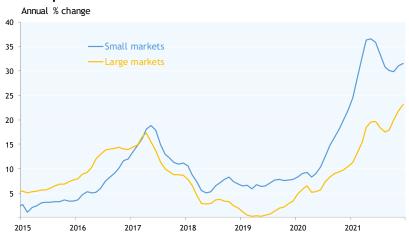
#### Home prices are rising fast in most major markets...

#### 

Source: Canadian Real Estate Association, RBC Economics

#### ...and even faster in many smaller areas

#### **Composite MLS Home Price Index**

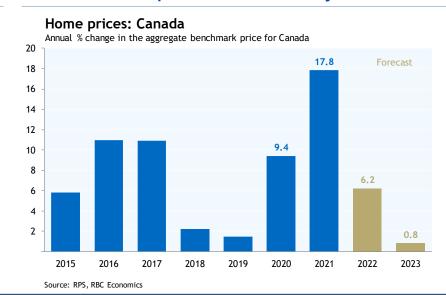


Source: Canadina Real Estate Association, RBC Economics

#### Rapidly deteriorating affordability will cool demand...

# Housing affordability: Canada Ownership costs of an average home as % of median household income Less affordable to own a home More affordable to own a home 20 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 Source: RPS, Statistics Canada, Bank of Canada, RBC Economics

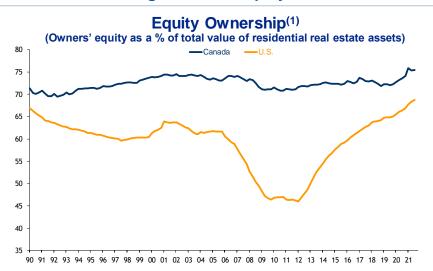
#### ...and slow down price increases in the year ahead



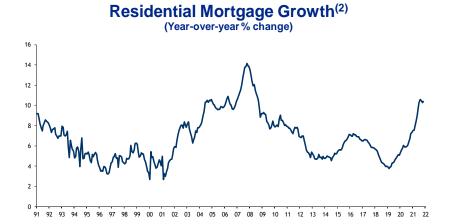
#### Canadians have significant equity ownership in their homes

- Canadians carry a significant and stable amount of equity in their homes
- The pace of residential mortgage accumulation re-accelerated since mid-2019 after slowing to a 17-year low
- Mortgage delinquency rates remain very low in Canada and have been stable through recent credit cycles
- RBC monitors its residential mortgage and broader retail portfolios closely, and performs stress tests for dramatic movements in house prices, GDP, interest rates, and unemployment rates

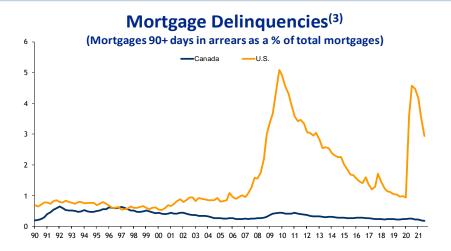
#### Canadians maintain high levels of equity in their homes



#### Growth in residential mortgages has re-accelerated sharply Canada



#### The mortgage delinquency rate still near a 30-year low in Canada

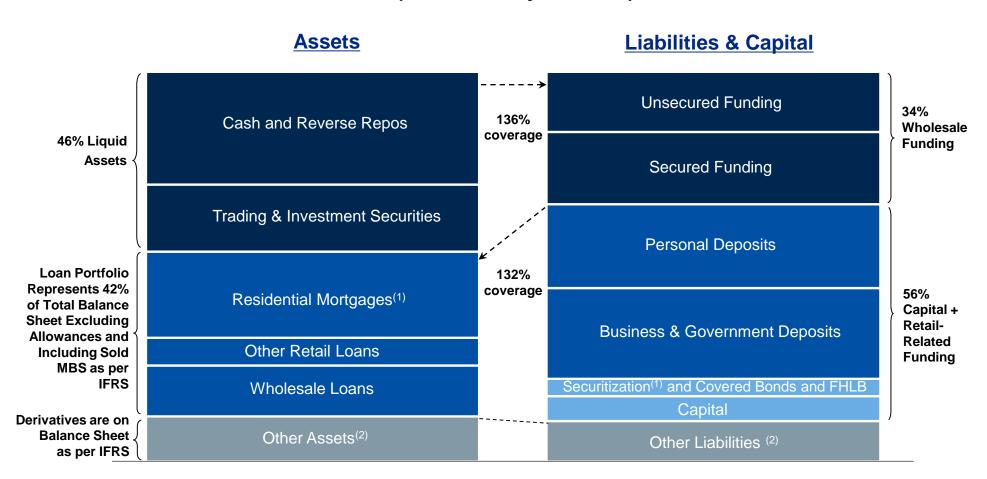


(1) Statistics Canada, Federal Reserve Board, RBC Economics. (2) Bank of Canada, RBC Economics. (3) Canadian Bankers Association, Mortgage Bankers Association, RBC Economics.

# Appendix A – Liquidity & Funding



### \$1,752 Billion (as at January 31, 2022)



<sup>(1)</sup> Securitized agency mortgage-backed securities (MBS) are on balance sheet as per IFRS. (2) Other assets include \$92BN of derivative-related assets, largely offset by derivative-related liabilities in Other liabilities. Under IFRS derivative amounts without master netting agreements cannot be offset and the gross derivative assets and liabilities are reported on balance sheet.

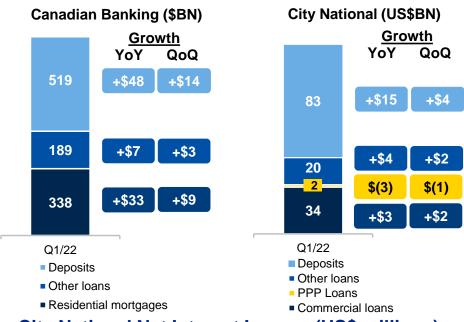
#### Net interest income: Higher volumes driving net interest income growth

- Net interest income up 5% YoY as strong volume growth more than offset lower spreads
  - Net interest income (ex-trading) up 6%<sup>(1)</sup> YoY
- All-bank NIM on average earning assets<sup>(2)</sup> was down 11 bps YoY (down 4 bps QoQ)
  - o NIM (ex-Trading Assets, Trading net interest income and Insurance Assets) on total average assets<sup>(3)</sup> was down 6 bps YoY (down 2 bps QoQ)

#### **All-Bank Net Interest Income (\$ millions)**

#### NII (excl. trading) (1) Trading NII (2) **──**NIM (%) 1.51% 1.50% 1.50% YoY 1.43% 1.39% (11) bps 5,271 +5% 5,052 5,061 5,035 4.854 720 (3)% 618 623 740 642 4,429 4,443 4,295 4,551 4.212 +6% Q1/2021 Q2/2021 Q3/2021 Q4/2021 Q1/2022

#### **Average Balances (\$ billions)**

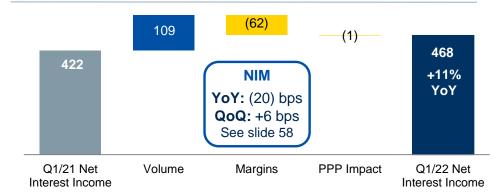


#### **Canadian Banking Net Interest Income (\$ millions)**

# 3,022 NIM YoY: (13) bps QoQ: (1) bps See slide 58 Q1/21 Net Interest Volume & Mix Margins Q1/22 Net Interest

Income

#### **City National Net Interest Income (US\$ millions)**

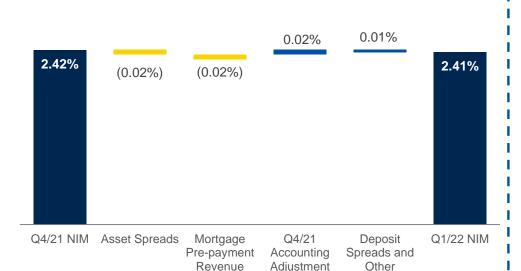


<sup>(1)</sup> Net interest income (ex-trading) is calculated as net interest income less trading net interest income. (2) Net interest income as a percentage of total average earning assets, net. (3) NIM (ex-Trading Assets, Trading net interest income and Insurance Assets) on total average assets is calculated as net interest income ex trading divided by total average assets less trading assets and insurance assets.

Income

#### Net interest margin: Well-positioned for rising interest rates

#### **Canadian Banking NIM on Average Earning Assets**



#### **CNB NIM on Average Earning Assets**



#### 25 bps increase in interest rates

- Roughly half of the Canadian Banking and City National deposit base is non-interest bearing or low-rate deposits
- Most of U.S. Wealth Management (including City National) sensitivity to higher interest rates is from the short-end of the curve



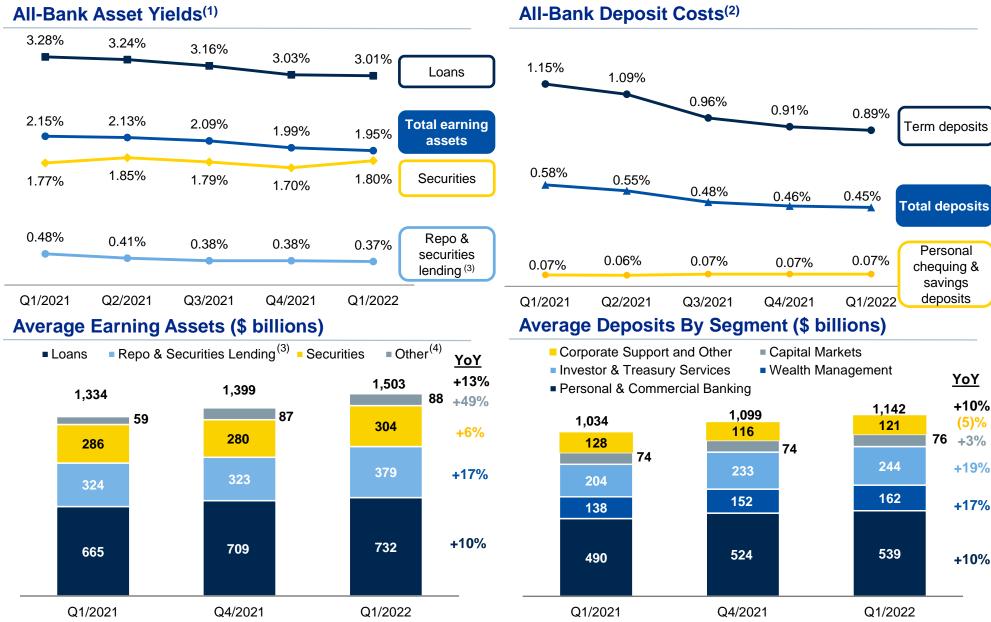
#### 100 bps change in interest rates across the curve

 As at January 31, 2022, an immediate and sustained +100 bps would have had a positive impact on our net interest income of \$853 million over a 12-month period

| Net Interest income (\$MM) | Increase <sup>(1)</sup> | Decrease <sup>(1)</sup> |  |  |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Canadian dollar impact     | \$530 million           | (\$653) million         |  |  |
| U.S. dollar impact         | \$323 million           | (\$311) million         |  |  |
| All-bank                   | \$853 million           | (\$964) million         |  |  |

(1) Represents the 12-month revenue exposure (before-tax) to an immediate and sustained shift in interest rates. (2) Includes benefits from our sweep deposits.

#### Net interest income: Average rates and balance sheet

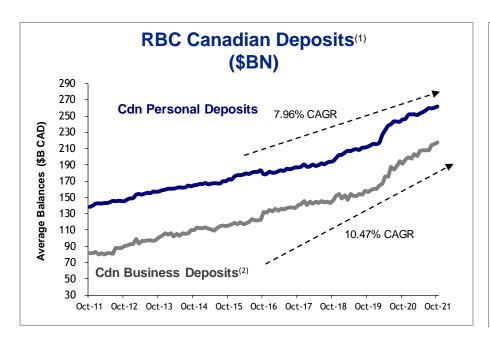


(1) Loan yield is calculated as interest income on loans as a percentage of average total net loans. Total earning asset yield is calculated as interest and dividend income on assets as a percentage of average total earning assets. Securities yield is calculated as interest and dividend income on repo & securities lending as a percentage of average repo & securities lending balances, net of applicable allowance. Repo & securities lending as a percentage of average repo & securities lending balances, net of applicable allowance. These metrics do not have a standardized meaning and may not be comparable to similar measures disclosed by other financial institutions. For more information, see slide 64. (2) Total deposit costs is calculated as interest expense on term-deposits as a percentage of average germ-deposits. Personal chequing & savings deposits. Term-deposit costs is calculated as interest expense on term-deposits as a percentage of average personal chequing & savings deposits. These metrics do not have a standardized meaning and may not be comparable to similar measures disclosed by other financial institutions. For more information, see slide 64. (3) Repos are assets purchased under reverse repurchase agreements and securities borrowed. (4) Other includes interest-bearing deposits with other banks, cash collateral and margin deposits.

# Leveraging the strength of our distribution channels and successful deposit initiatives to drive growth

#### **Canadian relationship deposits**

- Initiated successful strategies to grow relationship deposit base
- Canadian relationship deposits continue to grow at an accelerated rate
- RBC Canadian personal deposit market share is at 20.6% as of Oct 2021
- RBC Canadian commercial demand deposit market share is at 24.4% as of Oct 2021



| RBC Relationship Deposits (\$BN) |         |         |  |  |  |
|----------------------------------|---------|---------|--|--|--|
|                                  | Q1 2022 | Q1 2021 |  |  |  |
| HISA (3)                         | \$48.7  | \$42.6  |  |  |  |
| Advisory Channel Deposits (4)    | \$36.5  | \$37.3  |  |  |  |
| Other Personal Deposits          | \$290.8 | \$269.1 |  |  |  |
| Business Deposits                | \$410.0 | \$367.0 |  |  |  |
| Total Deposits                   | \$786.0 | \$716.2 |  |  |  |
|                                  |         |         |  |  |  |
|                                  |         |         |  |  |  |

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<sup>(1)</sup> Sourced from Canadian deposit market share, which is based on OSFI (M4 report). The volume change in October 2016 was mainly due to a re-class of personal deposit to business deposits. (2) Canadian Business deposits reflect all platform demand deposits and Canadian Banking term deposit balances only. (3) High Interest Savings Account; Includes CAD and USD deposits. (4) Sourced largely from RBC Wealth Management network.

#### Well-diversified wholesale funding platform

- Well-diversified across products, currencies, investor segments, and geographic regions
- Raise majority of funding in international markets, preserving significant domestic capacity which can be more readily tapped in stressed market conditions
- Regular issuance in all major markets to promote investor engagement and secondary market liquidity

#### Canada

- Canadian Shelf (C\$25BN)
- Securitizations (Canadian mortgage bonds, NHA MBS<sup>(1)</sup> and credit cards)

#### U.S.

 SEC Registered Shelf (US\$50BN)

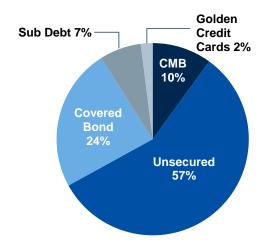
#### **Europe and Asia**

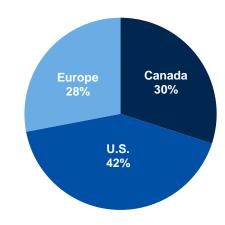
- European Debt Issuance Program (US\$40BN)
- Covered Bond Program (EUR 60BN)
- Japanese Issuance Programs (JPY 1 Trillion)

#### Well Diversified by Product<sup>(2)</sup>

#### Diversified by Geography<sup>(2)</sup>

#### **Recent Deals**





- USD \$1.4 Billion 3 year unsecured at SOFR+44bps / LIBOR+22bps
- USD \$800 Million 5 year unsecured at SOFR+71bps / LIBOR+48bps
- EUR \$1.2 Billion 2 year unsecured at SOFR+44bps / LIBOR+27bps
- EUR \$450 Million 12 year unsecured at SOFR+102bps / LIBOR+78bps
- EUR \$2 Billion 5.25 year covered bonds at SOFR+45bps / LIBOR+22bps
- USD \$481 Million 2 year Golden at SOFR+25bps / LIBOR+8bps
- USD \$535 Million 5 year Golden at SOFR+51bps / LIBOR+28bps
- CAD \$1 Billion 10.25nc5.25yr subordinated debentures at a fixed rate of 2.94% per annum, SOFR+111bps / LIBOR+88bps equivalent

(1) National Housing Act Mortgage Backed Securities. (2) As at January 31, 2022.

#### **RBC Covered Bond Program**

#### **Globally Active**

- Active program in six different currencies: EUR, CAD, USD, CHF, AUD and GBP
  - C\$50BN currently outstanding

#### **Strong Issuer**

- Largest Canadian bank by market capitalization
- Strong credit ratings
- Well capitalized and consistent historical profitability
- Well diversified business mix

#### **Canadian Legislative Changes**



- Canadian legislation protects claims of covered bond investors and overrides any other conflicting law related to bankruptcy and insolvency
  - Extensive regulatory oversight and pool audit requirements
  - Mandatory property value indexation

#### **U.S. Market**



- Active U.S. dollar covered bond issuer
- Several benchmark bonds outstanding
- Broad U.S. investor base
  - Issued US\$21.2BN across eleven deals since September 2012
  - Trace eligible

#### Reconciliation for non-GAAP financial measures

| Calculation of Tangible Book Value Per Share              |           |           |           |           |           |  |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--|
| \$ millions (unless otherwise stated)                     | 2017      | 2018      | 2019      | 2020      | 2021      |  |
| Common equity - end of period                             | 67,416    | 73,552    | 77,816    | 80,719    | 91,983    |  |
| Less: Goodwill and Intangibles net of tax - end of period | 12,235    | 12,498    | 12,370    | 12,375    | 11,664    |  |
| Tangible common equity - end of period                    | 55,181    | 61,054    | 65,446    | 68,344    | 80,319    |  |
| Common shares outstanding (000s) - end of period          | 1,452,535 | 1,438,794 | 1,430,096 | 1,422,473 | 1,424,525 |  |
| Tangible Book Value Per Share                             | \$ 37.99  | \$ 42.43  | \$ 45.76  | \$ 48.05  | \$ 56.38  |  |

| Calculation of Cash Earnings for Wealth Management <sup>(1)</sup> |       |       |       |       |       |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| \$ millions (unless otherwise stated)                             | 2019  | 2020  | 2021  | Q1/21 | Q1/22 |
| Net Income  | 2,546 | 2,154 | 2,626 | 641   | 795   |
| Add: After-tax effect of amortization of other intangibles        | 186   | 172   | 153   | 39    | 38    |
| Cash Earnings   | 2,732 | 2,326 | 2,779 | 680   | 833   |

| Calculation of NIE excl. VC & SBC \$ millions (unless otherwise stated) | Q1/21 | Q4/21 | Q1/22  |
|---|-------|-------|--------|
| \$ millions (unless otherwise stated)                                   | Q1/21 | Q4/21 | Q 1/22 |
| Expenses  | 6,542 | 6,583 | 6,580  |
| Less: Variable compensation   | 1,804 | 1,651 | 1,941  |
| Less: Share-based compensation  | 286   | 97    | 47     |
| NIE excl. VC & SBC  | 4,452 | 4,835 | 4,592  |

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective Q4 2021, gains (losses) on economic hedges of our U.S. share-based compensation plans, which are reflected in revenue, and related variability in share-based compensation expense driven by changes in the fair value of liabilities relating to our U.S. share-based compensation plans have been reclassified from our Wealth Management segment to Corporate Support. Comparative amounts have been reclassified to conform with this presentation.

#### Note to users

We use a variety of financial measures to evaluate our performance. In addition to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) prescribed measures, we use certain key performance and non-GAAP measures we believe provide useful information to investors regarding our financial condition and result of operations. Readers are cautioned that key performance measures, such as ROE and non-GAAP measures, including pre-provision, pre-tax earnings, cash earnings, tangible book value per share and non-interest expense excluding variable and share-based compensation, do not have any standardized meanings prescribed by GAAP, and therefore are unlikely to be comparable to similar measures disclosed by other financial institutions.

Additional information about our ROE and non-GAAP measures can be found under the "Key performance and non-GAAP measures" sections of our 2021 Annual Report as well as in our Q1 2022 Supplementary Financial Information.

Definitions can be found under the "Glossary" sections in our Q1 2022 Supplementary Financial Information and our 2021 Annual Report.

#### **Investor Relations Contacts**

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