



## NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR ECONOMY SLOWING, THOUGH CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REMAINS HIGH, SAYS RBC

**TORONTO, October 8, 2008** — While Newfoundland and Labrador's economic growth is forecast to be negligible this year at 0.2 per cent and only moderate in 2009 at around 1.3 per cent, this masks strong activity in the province's housing market and retail stores, according to the latest provincial outlook released today by RBC.

"Record oil prices, steady declines in unemployment, tax cuts and the announcement of a go-ahead deal on the Hebron offshore project have given consumers a boost in confidence," said Craig Wright, senior vice-president and chief economist, RBC. "Nonetheless, while domestic conditions are generally strong, growth in the economy is expected to slow significantly relative to last year as a result of a leveling off in oil production."

According to the report, the return to full production of the Terra Nova offshore project and completion of White Rose's expansion, which had boosted crude oil output by more than 20 per cent in 2007, will likely make flat or slightly negative contributions to provincial growth this year. Through the first six months of this year, crude oil production was down almost nine per cent year-over-year.

The long-standing exodus to other, more prosperous provinces has started to reverse over the past year, allowing the population count to rise again after 15 straight years of declines. This expansion in the population stimulates demand for both housing and consumer goods and services. In fact, Newfoundland and Labrador has emerged as one of Canada's hot spots in housing this year.

The outlook for provinces has generally darkened as a result of the recent dramatic turn in the year-long financial market crisis. The U.S. economy now appears to be in recession with Europe, the U.K. and Japan also sinking fast. While Canada is in better position with its financial sector less heavily impaired, overall growth will be substantially weaker than previously anticipated. Among the provinces, Saskatchewan will lead the way this year and next in terms of economic growth, with Manitoba closely behind. The Atlantic region is expected to display continued resilience and should sustain a moderate pace of expansion for the most part. Conditions in the most western part of the country are on a deteriorating path. Eroding housing situations and rapidly slowing growth in consumer spending have prompted downward revisions to the forecasts for British Columbia and Alberta. With weak external trade continuing to exert a toll, cracks have appeared in the domestic foundations of Ontario and Quebec. Ontario will likely see its growth evaporate.

The RBC Economics Provincial Outlook assesses the provinces according to economic growth, employment growth, unemployment rates, personal income growth, retail sales, housing starts, and the Consumer Price Index.

According to the report (available online as of 8 a.m. E.D.T., at <u>www.rbc.com/economics/market/pdf/provfcst.pdf</u>) provincial forecast details are as follows:

	Real GDP			Housing starts			Retail sales			Employment			CPI		
	Thousands														
	<u>07</u>	<u>08</u>	<u>09</u>	<u>07</u>	<u>08</u>	<u>09</u>	<u>07</u>	<u>08</u>	<u>09</u>	<u>07</u>	<u>08</u>	<u>09</u>	<u>07</u>	<u>08</u>	<u>09</u>
NFLD.	9.1	0.2	1.3	2.6	2.8	3.0	9.0	8.0	4.0	0.7	2.0	0.6	1.4	3.1	2.1
P.E.I	2.0	1.9	1.4	0.8	0.7	0.5	7.7	5.5	3.5	1.1	1.7	0.5	1.8	3.8	2.4
N.S.	1.6	2.0	2.0	4.8	4.2	3.2	4.2	5.5	4.0	1.3	1.1	0.9	1.9	3.6	2.3
N.B.	1.6	2.0	2.5	4.2	4.1	3.3	5.7	5.5	4.0	2.1	0.9	0.9	1.9	2.2	2.1
QUE.	2.4	0.7	1.2	48.6	45.7	39.0	4.6	5.5	3.5	2.3	0.8	1.1	1.6	2.5	2.0
ONT.	2.1	0.0	0.4	68.1	75.0	66.5	3.9	5.0	2.8	1.6	1.5	1.2	1.8	2.6	2.0
MAN.	3.3	3.1	2.3	5.7	5.4	5.4	8.8	8.0	5.5	1.6	1.8	1.5	2.1	2.5	2.6
SASK.	2.8	3.9	3.5	6.0	6.8	5.3	13.0	12.0	7.5	2.1	1.6	2.0	2.9	3.4	2.7
ALTA.	3.3	2.2	3.0	48.3	30.2	31.3	9.3	1.5	6.5	4.7	2.6	2.1	4.9	3.7	2.9
B.C.	3.1	1.2	2.1	39.2	34.8	26.0	6.7	3.0	6.5	3.2	2.4	1.4	1.7	2.5	2.0
CANADA	2.7	0.9	1.5	228	209	183	5.8	4.7	4.3	2.3	1.6	1.3	2.1	2.7	2.2

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