



## WANING OIL PRODUCTION CAPS NEWFOUNDLAND AND LABRADOR'S GROWTH IN 2008, SAYS RBC

**TORONTO, April 3, 2008** — After topping Canada's growth chart last year, Newfoundland and Labrador is projected to rank last in 2008 due to an expected 15 per cent decline in production volumes at the province's three oil producing fields, according to the latest economic forecast released today by RBC.

"The oil production decline will impact near-term growth prospects for Newfoundland and Labrador this decade," said Craig Wright, senior vice-president and chief economist, RBC. "While growth came in around nine per cent last year, the region can expect growth of 0.5 per cent for 2008 and one per cent in 2009."

Prospects for expansions at existing oilfields leave some positive opportunity for growth during the early part of the next decade. Potential projects include the Hebron development, the Hibernia Southern Extension and the expansion at White Rose. The province's mining sector is helping to offset some of the weakness in the oil sector. Iron ore prices have soared by 66 per cent since 2007 and are expected to keep the value of shipments at \$4 billion in 2008 for the second consecutive year.

The growth gap between the commodity-rich Western provinces and manufacturing-heavy Central Canada is expected to persist in 2008. Across Canada, Saskatchewan is expected to be the top growth performer this year as its economy benefits from strength in energy, mining, and agriculture sectors. Conversely, Newfoundland and Labrador should be the laggard as waning oil production weighs on its growth. The strong Canadian dollar and softer U.S. demand for exports continue to weaken manufacturing sectors across the country. Ontario's weak trade sector will see the province teeter on the brink of recession through 2008, but it should pick-up in 2009 to coincide with a recovering U.S. economy.

The RBC Economics *Provincial Outlook* assesses the provinces according to economic growth, employment growth, unemployment rates, personal income growth, retail sales, housing starts, and the Consumer Price Index.

According to the report (available online as of 8 a.m. E.D.T., at <a href="https://www.rbc.com/economics/market/pdf/provfcst.pdf">www.rbc.com/economics/market/pdf/provfcst.pdf</a>), provincial forecast details are as follows:

	Real GDP			Housing starts			Retail sales			Employment			СРІ		
			·	Т	Thousands				ı			·			
	<u>07</u>	<u>08</u>	<u>09</u>	<u>07</u>	<u>08</u>	<u>09</u>	<u>07</u>	<u>08</u>	<u>09</u>	<u>07</u>	<u>08</u>	<u>09</u>	<u>07</u>	<u>08</u>	<u>09</u>
NFLD.	9.0	0.5	1.0	2.6	2.5	2.0	9.5	5.5	2.0	0.6	0.2	0.3	1.5	1.0	1.3
P.E.I	1.9	1.2	1.4	0.8	0.7	0.6	8.2	4.4	3.7	1.0	0.5	0.2	1.8	1.3	1.6
N.S.	2.4	2.5	2.8	4.8	4.6	4.0	4.0	4.7	6.5	1.3	2.0	2.0	1.9	1.1	2.0
N.B.	2.5	2.4	2.5	4.2	4.0	3.4	6.2	4.4	4.0	2.1	1.9	0.9	1.9	1.2	1.7
QUE.	2.1	1.1	2.2	48.6	47.1	40.0	4.4	4.1	4.4	2.3	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.2	1.8
ONT.	1.8	0.8	1.9	68.1	66.8	59.4	3.9	3.8	4.5	1.6	0.9	1.0	1.8	1.4	1.8
MAN.	3.5	2.8	2.9	5.7	5.6	4.5	9.5	8.1	7.6	1.6	2.1	1.7	2.0	1.8	2.1
SASK.	4.6	3.6	3.2	6.0	6.1	4.5	12.7	9.0	8.0	2.1	2.4	1.9	2.8	3.3	2.9
ALTA.	4.3	3.3	3.0	48.3	41.6	35.3	9.0	7.4	7.0	4.7	2.2	1.8	5.0	2.9	2.8
B.C.	3.1	2.3	2.8	39.2	37.2	30.5	7.1	6.2	7.5	3.2	2.0	2.2	1.8	1.1	1.6
CANADA	2.7	1.6	2.3	228	216	184	5.8	5.1	5.5	2.3	1.4	1.4	2.1	1.4	1.9

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## For more information contact:

Craig Wright, RBC Economics, (416) 974-7457 Paul Ferley, RBC Economics, (416) 974-7231 Amy Goldbloom, RBC Economics, (416) 974-0579 Jackie Braden, RBC Media Relations, (416) 974-2124